## **SIEMENS**







RDG100T, RDG160T, RDG160TU

Room thermostats with LCD for wall mounting

RDG100 RDG100T RDG110, RDG110U RDG160T, RDG160TU

**Basic documentation** 

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### 1 About this document

### 1.1 Revision history

Edition	Date	Changes	Section
7.0	June 2023	Add warning on metallic surface	5.1
		Change safety class to protection class	8
		Update UL link	8
6.0	July 2019	Corrections for connection terminals	6.1
5.0	August	Delete information on RDG100T/H	All
	2018	Add information on power reserve clock	2.1, 4.6, 8
		Update Datasheet document number of MVI/MXI	2.3
		Delete information on SQS35 and SQS65	2.3
		Add information on SAS31, SAS61 and SFP21	2.3
		Update information on WEEE	5.3
4.1	June 2015	Add inch dimensions	All
		Add degree Fahrenheit information for RDG110U and RDG160TU	
4.0	Feb 2015	Add new variants RDG110U and RDG160TU and other corrections	All
3.0	April 2014	Protection via circuit breaker	5.1, 6.2, 8
		Combination control outputs with relay function	All
		New product RDG160T	
		Removed RDG140, RDG160	
		• Doc valid for RDG100 SW > = V7.2	
		• Removed remarks for RDG100 SW < V7.2 (info in Doc V2.0)	
		RoHS-II adaptations	
		Several corrections	
2.0	Dec 2011	Amendments concerning RDG100T/H	All
		Adaptive temperature adaption (electric heater)	4.8, 4.15
		Function specifications for units with SW < V7.2	
1.1	June 2009	Several small corrections	All
1.0	May 2009	First edition	

### 1.2 Reference documents

Ref.	Document title	Type of document	Document no.
[1]	Wall-mounted room thermostats with LCD	Data Sheet	N3181
[2]	RDG1, RDG110U	Operating Instructions	B3181.1
[3]	RDG100T, RDG160T, RDG160TU	Operating Instructions	B3181.5
[4]	RDG100, RDG100T	Mounting Instructions	M3181.1
[5]	RDG110	Mounting Instructions	M3181.2
[6]	RDG160T	Mounting Instructions	M3181.5
[7]	RDG110U	Mounting Instructions	M3183.1
[8]	RDG160TU	Mounting Instructions	M3183.2

### 1.3 Before you start

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### 2 Summary

### 2.1 Brief description

### **Applications**

- 2-pipe fan coil units, 2-pipe with electric heater, 2-pipe with radiator/floor heating
- 4-pipe fan coil units, 4-pipe with electric heater
- · 2-stage heating or cooling application
- Compressors in dx-type equipment
- Universal heating and/or cooling

#### **Features**

- 2 multifunctional inputs and 1 digital input for keycard contact, external sensor, etc.
- Operating modes: Comfort, Economy and Protection
- Automatic or manual heating/cooling changeover
- · Adjustable commissioning and control parameters
- Minimum and maximum setpoint limitation
- Backlit LCD
- Selection of fan stage in the dead zone via P15

### RDG100/RDG100T:

- On/Off, PWM or 3-position control outputs (triacs)
- Output for 3-speed or 1-speed fan
- AC 230 V operating voltage

#### RDG110..:

- On/Off control outputs (relay, SPDT)
- Output for 3-speed or 1-speed fan
- AC 230 V operating voltage (RDG110)
- AC/DC 24 V operating voltage (RDG110U)

#### RDG160T..:

- DC 0...10 V or On/Off control outputs for actuators
- DC 0...10 V or relay outputs for fan (ECM or 1-/3- speed)
- AC/DC 24 V operating voltage

### Additional features

### RDG100T, RDG160T...:

- · Infrared remote control receiver
- Auto Timer mode with 8 programmable timers
- Auto timer can be disabled via P02
- Auto timer can be disabled via DIP switches (RDG160T..)
- Power reserve clock for 48 h during power failure

#### **Functions**

- Maintenance of room temperature via built-in temperature sensor or external room temperature/return air temperature sensor
- · Automatic or manual changeover between heating and cooling mode
- Selection of applications via DIP switches
- · Selection of operating mode via the operating mode button on the thermostat
- 1-speed, 3-speed or DC...10 V fan control (automatic or manual)
- Display of current room temperature or setpoint in °C and/or °F
- Minimum and maximum setpoint limitation
- Button lock (automatic or manual)
- 1 digital input, freely selectable for:
  - Operating mode switchover contact (keycard)
  - Automatic heating/cooling changeover contact
  - Electric heater enable
  - Dewpoint sensor
  - Fault input

- 2 multifunctional inputs, freely selectable for:
  - Operating mode switchover contact (keycard)
  - Automatic heating/cooling changeover sensor
  - External room temperature or return air temperature
  - Dewpoint sensor
  - Electric heater enable
  - Fault input
  - Supply air temperature sensor (RDG160T..)
- Advanced fan control function, i.e. fan kick, fan start, selectable fan operation (enable, disable or depending on heating or cooling mode)
- Purge function together with 2-port valve in a 2-pipe changeover system
- · Reminder to clean filters
- Floor heating temperature limit
- Minimum and maximum supply air temperature limitation (RDG160T..)
- Reloading factory settings for commissioning and control parameters
- 7-day time program: 8 programmable timers to switch over between Comfort and Economy mode (RDG100T, RDG160T...)
- Infrared remote control (RDG100T, RDG160T..)
- Selectable relay function (RDG160T..)
  - For switching OFF external equipment OFF during Protection mode
  - For switching ON external equipment (e.g. pump) during H/C demand
  - Output heating/cooling sequence
- Wizard function to select working temperature unit °C or °F (RDG160TU, RDG110U)

### 2.2 Types and features

Product Features							UL				
no.	oltage	Nu	mber of	control	outputs	ram	0.0	eiver	Fan		
	Operating voltage	On/Off	PWM	3-pos	DC 010 V	Time program	Backlit LCD	Infrared receiver	ECM <sup>2)</sup>	3-speed	
RDG100	AC 230 V	<b>3</b> 3)	<b>2</b> 3)	<b>2</b> 3)			✓			<b>\</b>	
RDG100T	AC 230 V	<b>3</b> 3)	<b>2</b> 3)	<b>2</b> 3)		<b>(√)</b> 5)	✓	1		✓	
RDG110	AC 230 V	<b>2</b> 4)					✓			✓	
RDG110U	AC/DC 24 V	<b>2</b> 4)					✓			<b>✓</b>	✓
RDG160T	AC/DC 24 V				2	<b>(√)</b> 5)	✓	1		<b>\</b>	
		<b>2</b> 6)			<b>2</b> 6)	<b>(√)</b> 5)	✓	1	✓		
RDG160TU	AC/DC 24 V				2	<b>(√)</b> 5)	✓	1		<b>\</b>	✓
		<b>2</b> 6)			<b>2</b> 6)	<b>(√)</b> 5)	✓	✓	✓		

- 1) Infrared remote control must be ordered as a separate item
- 2) ECM fan output DC 0...10 V
- 3) On/Off, PWM or 3-position (triac outputs)
- 4) Relay output (SPDT)
- Can be disabled via P02 (or via DIP switches on RDG160T..)
- 6) Either On/Off (relay output) or DC control signal

### **Equipment combinations** 2.3

	Description		Product no.	Data Sheet
	Infrared remote control	72.8 2011 1 V 1 V 17.2 to	IRA211	3059
	Cable temperature sensor or changeover sensor, cable length 2.5 m (8 feet) NTC (3 k $\Omega$ at 25 °C (77 °F))	<b>O</b> "	QAH11.1	1840
	Room temperature sensor NTC (3 kΩ at 25 °C (77 °F))	200	QAA32	1747
	Cable temperature sensor, cable length 4 m (13 feet) NTC (3 k $\Omega$ at 25 °C (77 °F))	<b>O</b> "	QAP1030/UFH	1854
	Condensation motion		QXA2601/ QXA2602/ QXA2603/ QXA2604	3302
On/Off actuators	Electromotoric On/Off valve and actuator (only available in AP, UAE, SA and IN)		MVI/MXI	A6V11251892
	Electromotoric On/Off actuator		SFA21	4863
	Electromotoric On/Off actuator		SFP21	4863
	Zone valve actuators (only available in AP, UAE, SA and IN)		SUA	4830
On/Off and PWM actuators*)	Thermal actuator (for radiator valves) AC 230 V, NO	Ú	STA23	4884
	Thermal actuator (for radiator valves) AC 24 V, NO	Ú,	STA73 *)	4884 *)
	Thermal actuator AC 230 V (for small valves 2.5 mm (0.1")), NC	19	STP23	4884
	Thermal actuator AC 24 V (for small valves 2.5 mm (0.1")), NC	Ĵ	STP73 *)	4884 *)
3-position actuators	Electrical actuator, 3-position (for radiator valves)	93	SSA31	4893
	Electrical actuator, 3-position (for 2- and 3-port valves/VP45)		SSC31	4895
	Electrical actuator, 3-position (for small valves 2.5 mm (0.1"))		SSP31	4864
	Electrical actuator, 3-position (for small valves 5.5 mm (0.2"))	93	SSB31	4891
	Electrical actuator, 3-position (for CombiValves VPI45)		SSD31	4861
	Electromotoric actuator, 3-position (for valves 5.5 mm)		SAS31	4581
DC 010 V actuators	Electrical actuator, DC 010 V (for radiator valves)	33	SSA61	4893
	Electrical actuator, DC 010 V (for 2- and 3-port valves/VP45)		SSC61	4895
	Electrical actuator, DC 010 V (for small valves 2.5 mm (0.1"))		SSP61	4864
	Electrical actuator, DC 010 V (for small valves 5.5 mm (0.2"))	98	SSB61	4891

Electrical actuator, DC 010 V (for Combi-Valves VPI45)	SSD61	4861
Electromotoric actuator, DC 010 V (for valves 5.5 mm)	SAS61	4581
Electrothermal actuator, AC 24 V, NC, DC 010 V, 2 m (6.6 feet) (for radiator valves and small valves 2.5 mm (0.1"))	STA63	4884
Electrothermal actuator, AC 24 V, NO, DC 010 V, 2 m (6.6 feet) (for radiator valves and small valves 2.5 mm (0.1"))	STP63	4884

<sup>&</sup>quot;) With PWM control, it is not possible to ensure exact parallel running of 2 or more thermal actuators. If several fan coil systems are controlled by the same room thermostat, preference should be given to motorized actuators with On/Off or 3-position control.

Note For more information about parallel operation and the maximum number of actuators that can be used, refer to Data Sheets of the selected type of actuator and the following list:

Maximum number of actuators in parallel on the RDG100..:

- 6 SS..31.. actuators (3-pos)
- 4 ST..23.. if used with On/Off control signal
- 10 SFA.., SUA.., MVI.., MXI.. On/Off actuators
- Parallel operation of SAS31.. is not available

Maximum number of actuators in parallel on the RDG110...:

10 On/Off actuators

Maximum number of actuators in parallel on the RDG160T..:

- 10 SS..61.. actuators (DC)
- 10 ST..23/63/73.. actuators (DC or On/Off)
- 10 SFA.., SUA.., MVI.., MXI.. On/Off actuators
- 10 SAS61.. actuators (DC)

### 2.4 Accessories

Description	Product no.	Data Sheet
Changeover mounting kit (50 pcs/package)	ARG86.3	3009

### 2.5 Ordering

Product no.	Stock no.	Designation		
RDG100	S55770-T158	Room thermostat		
RDG100T	S55770-T159	Room thermostat, with timer		
RDG110	S55770-T160	Room thermostat with relay outputs (AC 230 V)		
RDG110U	S55770-T361	Room thermostat with relay outputs (AC/DC 24 V), UL certified		
RDG160T	S55770-T343	Room thermostat with timer and DC (or On/Off) output for valve and fan (AC/DC 24 V)		
RDG160TU	S55770-T362	Room thermostat with timer and DC (or On/Off) output for valve and fan (AC/DC 24 V), UL certified		

Order the IRA211 infrared remote control separately.

Order valve actuators separately.

Order RDG110U and RDG160TU from BT US.

### 3 Use

The RDG1.. room thermostats are designed for use with the following types of system:

### Fan coil units via On/Off or modulating control outputs:

- 2-pipe system
- 2-pipe system with electric heater
- · 2-pipe system and radiator/floor heating
- 4-pipe system
- 4-pipe system with electric heater
- 2-stage heating or cooling system

### Chilled/heated ceilings (or radiators) via On/Off or modulating control outputs:

- · Chilled/heated ceiling
- Chilled/heated ceiling with electric heater
- Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator/floor heating
- · Chilled/heated ceiling, 2-stage cooling or heating

### **Heat pumps** with dx-type equipment:

- 1-stage compressor for heating or cooling
- 1-stage compressor for heating or cooling with electric heater
- 1-stage compressor for heating or cooling and radiator/floor heating
- 1-stage compressor for heating and cooling
- 1-stage compressor for heating and cooling with reversing valve
- 2-stage compressor for heating or cooling

### 4 Functions

### 4.1 Temperature control

#### **General** note

Setting of the control parameters (P01, etc., mentioned throughout the document) is described in section 4.15.

The thermostat acquires the room temperature via built-in sensor, external room temperature sensor (QAA32), or external return air temperature sensor (QAH11.1), and maintains the setpoint by delivering actuator control commands to heating and/or cooling equipment. The following control outputs are available depending on the thermostat type:

1-speed/3-speed fan:

- On/Off control on RDG100, RDG100T, RDG110...
- Modulating PI/P control with 3-position control output on RDG100, RDG100T
- Modulating PI/P control with PWM output on RDG100, RDG100T
- Modulating PI/P control with DC 0...10 V control output on RDG160T..

#### ECM fan:

- On/Off control on RDG160T...
- Modulating PI/P control with DC 0...10 V control output on RDG160T..

The switching differential or proportional band is 2 K (4 °F) for heating mode and 1 K (2 °F) for cooling mode (adjustable via parameters P30 and P31).

The integral action time for modulating PI control is adjustable via parameter P35.

### Temperature unit selection wizard (only for RDG110U/RDG160TU)

The temperature unit selection wizard enables to select the preferable temperature unit display on thermostats between °C and °F under the following two situations:

- 1. Select the application via the DIP switches at the rear of thermostat before fitting the front housing to the mounting plate.
- 2. Power up the thermostat after successfully connecting the line power.

### Follow the steps:

- 1. Rotate rotary knob to select the preferable temperature unit.
- Press the button 

  ✓ (OK) to confirm the selection, and the thermostat goes to normal operating page.

#### Notes

- Pressing button ♥ (Esc) does not confirm the temperature selection.
- If the temperature unit is not selected, °C is used by default.

### **Display**

The display shows the acquired room temperature or the Comfort setpoint, selectable via parameter P06. The factory setting displays the current room temperature. Use parameter P04 to display the room temperature or setpoint in °F rather than °C as needed.



If the thermostat is used in a system with manual heating/cooling changeover (P01 = 2), the heating  $\frac{6}{3}$  and cooling  $\frac{1}{3}$  symbols on the display show the fan coil or terminal unit's status. Thus, the symbols are displayed even when the thermostat operates in the neutral zone. For all other cases, the heating  $\frac{6}{3}$  and cooling  $\frac{1}{3}$  symbols are displayed when the heating or cooling output is activated.

### Concurrent display of °C and °F

Concurrent display of the current temperature or setpoint in °C and °F (parameter P07) is possible on the thermostats without 7-day time program.

### 4.2 Operating modes

Select the thermostat's operating mode via the operating mode button on the unit or operating mode input (e.g. keycard occupancy sensor), when X1, X2, or D1 is set to 3 (P38, P40, P42). A corresponding setpoint is used to maintain the room temperature at the desired level depending on the active operating mode. The following operating modes are available:

### **Comfort mode**

In Comfort mode, the thermostat maintains the room temperature setpoint which can be adjusted via the **rotary knob**. The fan can be set to automatic or manual fan speed: low, medium or high.

#### **Economy mode**

© Economy mode helps save energy. Select it by pressing the operating mode button if parameter P02 is set accordingly, or if the external operating mode switchover contact is active (e.g. window contact).

Note

If the external operating mode switchover contact is active, user operations are ineffective and OFF is displayed. Control will then be according to Economy setpoints (P11 and P12).

### **Protection mode**

(1) In Protection mode, the system is

- protected against frost (factory setting 8 °C (46 °F), can be disabled or changed via P65)
- protected against overheating (factory setting **OFF**, can be enabled or changed via P66).

### Auto Timer mode (with RDG100T, RDG160T.. only)

(I)

In Auto Timer mode  $\mathbb{Q}$ , the thermostat automatically changes from Comfort to Economy mode according to the 8 preprogrammed timers.

The display shows the Auto Timer mode symbol along with the symbol for the current operating mode (Comfort  $\overset{\circ}{\bigcirc}$  or Economy (C).

Automatic is the default fan speed in Auto Timer mode.

Auto Timer function can be disabled with parameter P02 = 3, 4 or via DIP switch 5 on RDG160T..

### Operating mode button

The behavior of the operating mode button can be selected via parameter P02:

#	Without time	With time program	Remark
	program	(RDG100T, RDG160T only)	
1	<b>⊕</b> →:	⊕→□mm→    □	Factory setting
2	⇧→᠅→〖	⊕>⊕nuo→⇔>«	
3		҈ →	
4		ⓓ→᠅→〖	

#### 4.3 Room temperature setpoints

### **Comfort mode**



The factory setting for the Comfort basic setpoint is 21 °C (70 °F) and can be changed via parameter P08.

The setpoint in Comfort mode can be adjusted via the **rotary knob**.

Temporary setpoint

If the "Temporary setpoint function" is enabled via parameter P69, the setpoint adjusted via the rotary knob is set back to the Comfort basic setpoint when the operating mode changes.

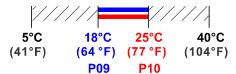
Setpoint limitation

For comfort or energy saving purposes, the setpoint setting range can be limited to minimum (P09) and maximum (P10).

P09 < P10 (comfort concept)

- If the minimum limit P09 is set lower than the maximum limit P10, both heating and cooling are adjustable between these 2 limits.
- The customer adjusts the desired setpoint and the thermostat controls the room temperature accordingly.
- For 4-pipe applications, the selected comfort setpoint is in the middle of the dead zone (P33). The unit stops to energize the heating/cooling outputs as soon as the room temperature reaches the dead zone.

Example



Cooling setpoint adjustable 18...25 °C (64...77 °F) Heating setpoint adjustable 18...25 °C (64...77 °F)

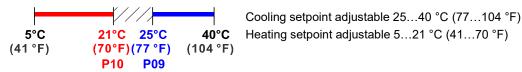
P09 ≥ P10 (energy saving concept)

- If the minimum limit P09 is set higher than the limit P10, then
  - The setting range of cooling setpoint is from P09...40 °C (P09...104 °F) in place of 5...40 °C (41...104 °F)
  - The setting range of heating setpoint is from 5...P10 °C (41...P10 °F) in place of 5...40 °C (41...104 °F)

This allows the user to limit the maximum heating setpoint and the minimum cooling setpoint. This concept helps to save energy costs.

- For 4-pipe applications:
  - The thermostat runs with the setpoint of the active sequence: In heating mode, the heating setpoint is active and adjustable via rotary knob. In cooling mode, the cooling setpoint is active and adjustable via rotary knob.
  - Switching from the heating setpoint to the cooling setpoint and vice-versa occurs when the room temperature reaches the adjusted limitation (P09 or P10) of the **inactive** sequence. E.g. the thermostat is in heating sequence and runs with the heating setpoint. When the room temperature reaches P09, the thermostat switches to cooling mode and runs with the cooling setpoint, as long as the room temperature does not drop below P10.

Example



### **Economy mode**

 $\mathbb{C}$ 

Use control parameters P11 and P12 to adjust the Economy mode setpoints. The heating setpoint is factory-set to 15 °C (59 °F), and the cooling setpoint to 30 °C (86 °F).

### **Protection mode**



Use control parameters P65 and P66 to adjust the Protection mode setpoints. The heating setpoint is factory-set to 8 °C (46 °F) (frost protection) and to OFF for cooling.

### Caution 🗥



If a setpoint is set to OFF (P65, P66), the thermostat does not maintain the setpoint in the corresponding mode (heating or cooling).

This means no protective heating or cooling function and thus risk of frost in the heating mode or risk of overtemperature in cooling mode!

The Economy setpoints are accessible at the service level (P11, P12); the Protection setpoints at the expert level (P65, P66).

#### 4.4 Setpoints and sequences

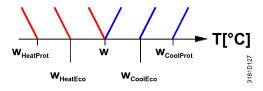
#### 4.4.1 2-pipe and 2-stage applications

On changeover applications, the Comfort setpoints for heating and cooling sequence are the same (w).

On 2-pipe applications with electric heater, the Comfort setpoint is either at the first heating sequence (in heating mode) or at the cooling sequence (in cooling mode).

On 2-pipe applications with radiator, the Comfort setpoint is either at the radiator sequence (in heating mode) or at the cooling sequence (in cooling mode).

The setpoints for Economy and Protection mode are below the Comfort setpoints (heating) and above the Comfort setpoints (cooling). They can be set via parameters P11, P12 (Economy mode) and P65, P66 (Protection mode).



Application	Comfo	rt mode	Economy/Pr	otection mode
	Heating mode	Cooling mode	Heating mode	Cooling mode
2-pipe	Y	Y	Y WHeatEco/Prot T	Y WCoolEco/Prot T
2-pipe and electric heater	Y YE 2) W T	Y YE1) W T	Y YE 2) WHeatEco/Prot T	Y YE1) WheatEco/Prot WCoolEco/Prot T
2-pipe and radiator	Y YR W T	Y YR W T	Y YR  WheatEco/Prot  T	Y YR  WheatEco/Prot WCoolEco/Prot T
2-stage heating or cooling	Y	Y	Y WHeatEco/Prot	Y W <sub>CoolEco/Prot</sub> T

- 1) If P13 = ON
- 2) In case of manual changeover (P01=2), the first heating sequence is disabled to prevent heating (electric heater) and cooling (coil) at the same time

W = setpoint in Comfort mode

 $W_{HeatEco/Prot}$  = setpoint heating in Economy or Protection mode

 $W_{\text{CoolEco/Prot}}$  = setpoint cooling in Economy or Protection mode

YR = radiator sequence

YE = electric heater sequence

### 4.4.2 4-pipe applications

On 4-pipe applications, the Comfort setpoint (w) is in the middle of the dead zone, between the heating and cooling sequence.

The dead zone can be adjusted via parameter P33.

If manual changeover is selected, then either the cooling sequence or the heating sequence is released. In this case, the Comfort setpoint is at the selected heating or cooling sequence.

Application		Economy/Protection mode		
	Heating and Cooling	Heating mode <sup>1)</sup>	Cooling mode <sup>1)</sup>	Heating and/or cooling
4-pipe	Y N N T	Y	Y / W T	Y WHeatEco/Prot WCoolEco/Prot T
4-pipe and electric heater	Y YE W T	Y YE W T	Y / W T	Y YE WHeatEco/Prot WCoolEco/Prot T

<sup>1)</sup> Manual changeover, P01=2

W = setpoint in Comfort mode

 $W_{\text{HeatEco/Prot}} = \text{heating setpoint for Economy or Protection mode}$ 

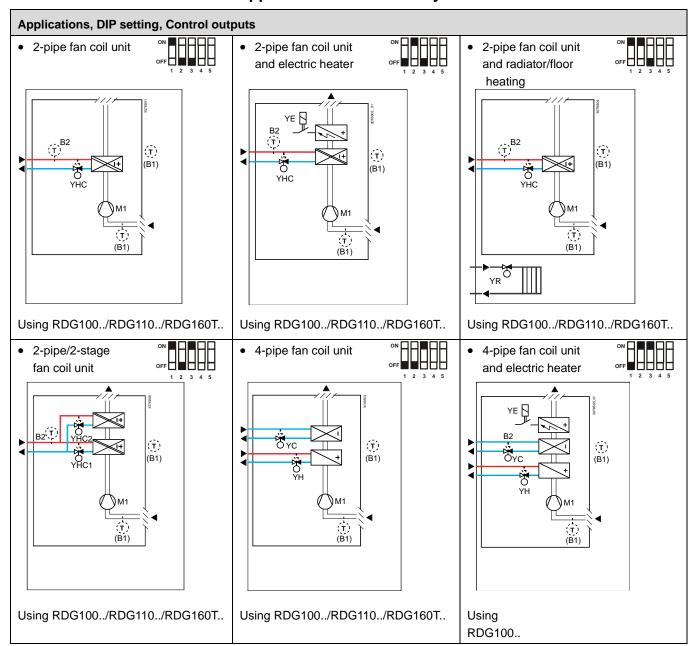
 $W_{\text{CoolEco/Prot}}$  = cooling setpoint for Economy or Protection mode

YE = electric heater sequence

### 4.5 Applications overview

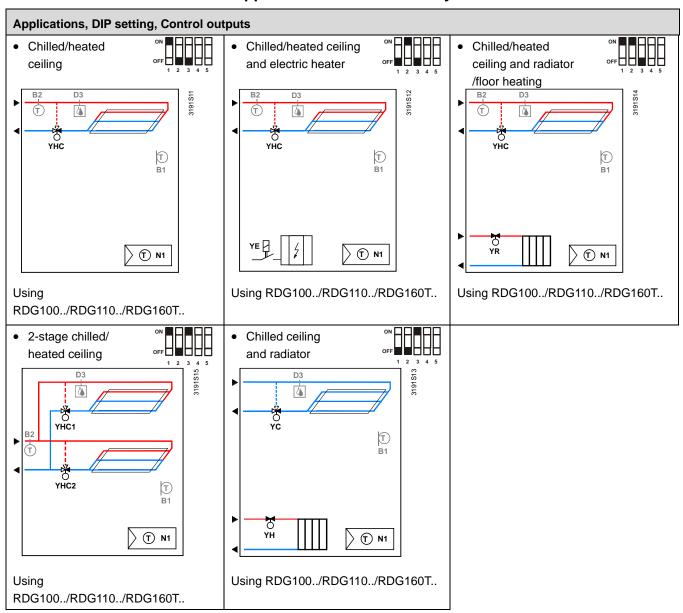
The thermostats support the following applications, which can be **configured via DIP switches** at the rear of the unit. Depending on the type of thermostat, On/Off or modulating control outputs are available.

### 4.5.1 Applications for fan coil systems



Product no.	Control outputs	Fan
RDG100	On/Off, PWM, 3-position	3-speed, 1-speed
RDG110/RDG110U	On/Off (SPDT)	3-speed, 1-speed
DDC4C0T/DDC4C0TU	DC 010 V	3-speed, 1-speed
RDG160T/RDG160TU	On/Off, DC 010 V	DC 010 V ECM

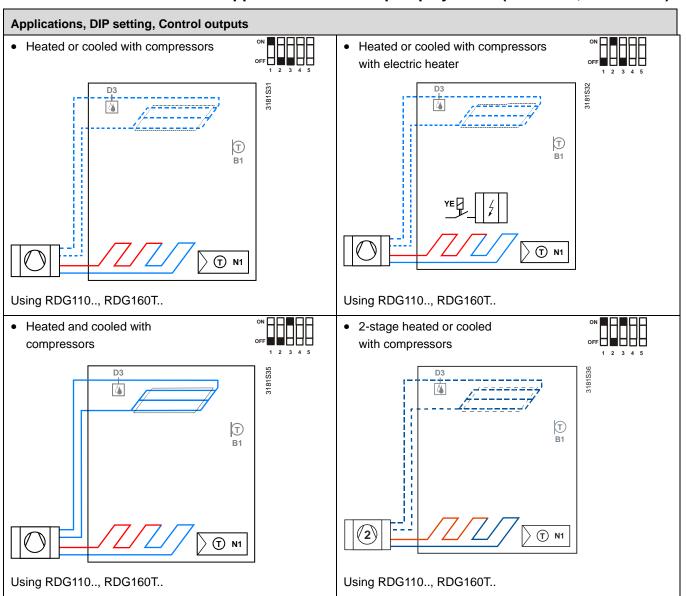
### 4.5.2 Applications for Universal systems



Product no.	Control outputs
RDG100	On/Off, PWM, 3-position
RDG110/RDG110U	On/Off (SPDT)
RDG160T/RDG160TU	On/Off, DC 010 V

For more detailed information, refer to section 4.7.9.

### 4.5.3 Applications for heat pump systems (RDG110.., RDG160T..)



Product no.	Control outputs	Fan
RDG110/RDG110U	On/Off (SPDT)	Disabled, 3-speed, 1-speed
RDG160T/RDG160TU	On/Off. DC 010 V	Disabled, 3-speed, 1-speed, DC 010 V

Legend	YHC	Heating/cooling valve actuator	M1	1-speed or 3-speed fan
	ΥH	Heating valve actuator	B1	Return air temperature sensor or external room
	YC	Cooling valve actuator		temperature sensor (optional)
	YE	Electric heater	B2	Changeover sensor (optional)

### Notes RDG100...

- Use P46/P47 to change output from On/Off (factory setting) to PWM.
- Use DIP switches 4 and 5 to change output from On/Off to 3-position.

### RDG110..

 Select DIP switches "OFF OFF ON" for application with reverse valve, see section 4.7.11.

### RDG160T..

- Use P46/P47 to change valve actuator output from DC (factory setting) to On/Off.
- Use DIP switch 4 to change fan output from DC (factory setting) to 3-speed.

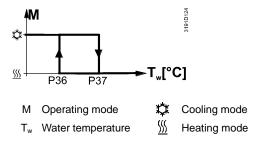
### 4.6 Additional features

# Automatic heating/cooling changeover

The water temperature acquired by the changeover sensor (QAH11.1 + ARG86.3) is used to change over from heating to cooling mode, or vice versa.

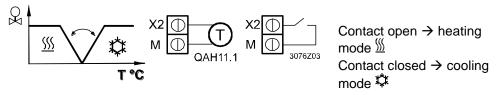
- When the water temperature is above 28 °C (82 °F) (adjustable via parameter P37), the thermostat changes over to heating mode.
   It stays in heating mode until the temperature falls below 16°C (61 °F) (adjustable via parameter P36)
- When the water temperature is below 16 °C (61 °F) (P36), the thermostat changes over to cooling mode.
  - It stays in cooling mode until the temperature rises above 28°C (82 °F) (P37).
- If the water temperature is between the 2 changeover points immediately after power-up (inside the hysteresis), the thermostat starts in previous mode.

The water temperature is acquired at 30-second intervals and the operating state is updated accordingly.



### Remote heating/ cooling changeover

The QAH11.1 cable temperature sensor for automatic heating/cooling changeover can be replaced by an external switch for manual, remote changeover:



The sensor or switch can be connected to input terminal X2 (factory setting) or X1 or D1 (switch only), depending on the commissioning of the inputs (P38, P40, P42). See also section 4.10 for details.

Note

The commissioning of the parameter *Operating action* (P39, P41, P42) has in this case no effect.

The assignment is fixed: Contact open → heating mode \( \frac{\mathbb{M}}{\pi} \)

Contact closed → cooling mode \( \frac{\mathbb{M}}{\pi} \)

### Manual heating/cooling changeover

- Manual heating/cooling changeover means selection via changeover button on the thermostat by repeatedly pushing the button until the required mode is shown on the display (automatic changeover is done via an external sensor/switch connected to X1, X2, or D1)
- If manual heating/cooling changeover is commissioned (P01 = 2), then heating/cooling mode cannot be changed via changeover sensor/switch; it will remain in the last mode as selected locally via button.

### External/return air temperature sensor

The thermostat acquires the room temperature via built-in sensor, external room temperature sensor (QAA32), or external return air temperature sensor (QAH11.1) connected to multifunctional input X1 or X2.

Inputs X1 or X2 must be commissioned accordingly. See section 4.10.

### **Purge function**

19/80

The changeover sensor ensures changeover from heating to cooling mode based on the acquired water temperature. We recommend activating the purge function (parameter P50) with 2-port valves. This function ensures correct acquisition of the medium temperature even if the 2-port valve is closed for an extended period of time. The valve is then opened for 1 to 5 minutes (adjustable) at 2-hour intervals during off hours. This function is available on all RDG variants for applications 2-pipe changeover and on RDG160T.. also for the 4-pipe changeover.

### Caution <u></u>

The purge function (parameter P50) must be disabled if the thermostat is used in compressor-based applications.

### Avoid damage from moisture

In very warm and humid climates, the fan can be run periodically or continuously at a low fan speed (e.g. in empty apartments or shops) in Economy mode by setting parameter P61, in order to avoid damage from moisture due to lack of air circulation. See also section 4.9 for details.

### Minimum output on-time/off-time

Limit the On/Off switching cycle to protect the compressor and reduce wear and tear. The minimum output on-time and off-time for On/Off control output can be adjusted from 1 to 20 minutes via parameters P48 and P49.

The factory setting is 1 minute.

Readjusting the setpoint or heating/cooling mode changeover immediately results in calculation of the output status; output Y11/Y21 may not hold the minimum 1-minute On/Off time.

If parameter P48 or P49 is set to above 1 minute, the minimum On/Off time for the control output is maintained as set, even if the setpoint or changeover mode is readjusted.

This function is only available for On/Off control with RDG100, RDG100T, RDG110..., and RDG160T...

### Floor heating/ Floor cooling

All heating sequences can also be used for floor heating.

You can use fan coil heating/cooling sequences for floor heating or cooling by disabling the fan via parameter P52.

### Floor temperature limitation function

The temperature should be limited for 2 reasons: comfort and protection of the floor.

The floor temperature sensor, connected to multifunctional input X1 or X2, acquires the floor temperature. If the temperature exceeds the parameterized limit (parameter P51), the heating valve is fully closed until the floor temperature drops to a level 2 K (4 °F) below the parameterized limit.

This function is factory-set to OFF (disabled).

Input X1 or X2 must be commissioned accordingly (P38 or P40 = 1).

See section 4.10 for details.

### Recommended values for P51:

Living rooms:

Up to 26 °C (79 °F) for long-term presence, up to 28 °C (82 °F) for short-time presence.

Bath rooms:

Up to 28 °C (82 °F) for long-term presence, up to 30 °C (86 °F) for short-time presence.

The table below shows the relation between parameter, temperature source and temperature display:

Parameter P51		Source for display of room temperature	Clithlit control according to	Floor temp. limit function
OFF	No	Built-in sensor	Built-in sensor	Not active
OFF	Yes	External temp. sensor	External temp. sensor	Not active
1050°C (50122°F)	No	Built-in sensor	Built-in sensor	Not active
1050°C (50122°F)	Yes	Built-in sensor	Built-in sensor + limit by external sensor	Active

The floor temperature limitation function influences the outputs listed in the table below:

Floor temp. limit function has influence on							
Application	Output Y1	Output Y2	Output Y3	Heat. mode (P01=0/2/3)	Cool. mode (P01=1/2/3)	Heat. and cool. mode (P01=4)	Remark
2-pipe	H/C valve			Y1	N/A		
2-pipe and electric heater	H/C valve	Electric heater		Y2	Y2 *)		Only electric heater
2-pipe and radiator	H/C valve	Radiator		Y2	Y2		Only radiator
4-pipe	Heating valve	Cooling valve		Y1	N/A	Y1	
4-pipe and electric heater	Heating valve	Cooling valve	Electric heater	Y3	N/A	Y3	Only electric heater
2-stage	1 <sup>st</sup> H/C	2 <sup>nd</sup> H/C		Y1, Y2	N/A		

<sup>\*)</sup> If P13 = ON → electric heater in cooling mode

Note Either floor temperature sensor or external room temperature sensor can be used.

### Supply air temperature limitation (RDG160T..)

This function increases the comfort in the room by keeping the supply air temperature of the fan coil unit between the selected minimum and maximum temperature limits. If the supply air temperature exceeds a limit, the thermostat reduces the corresponding valve position until the supply air temperature is back in the limits.

In case the air flow is too low (especially with DC 0...10 V fans), this prevents cold air from dumping into the room/warm air from bubbling straight up instead of circulating.

To enable this function, the multifunctional input, to which the supply air sensor is connected, needs to be set to "Supply air sensor" (e.g. P38=9). Then the parameters for the limits are visible (P63: minimum supply air temperature, P64: maximum supply air temperature).

This function is only active in Comfort mode and can only be used with DC 0...10 V actuators.

Note

For applications with electric heater and radiator, this function is available only on the cooling valve (in cooling mode).

### **Dewpoint monitoring**

Dewpoint monitoring is essential to prevent condensation on the chilled ceiling (cooling with fan disabled, parameter P52). It helps avoid associated damage to the building.

A dewpoint sensor with a potential-free contact is connected to multifunctional input X1, X2 or D1. If there is condensation, the cooling valve is fully closed until no more condensation is detected, and the cooling output is disabled temporarily.

The condensation symbol 0 is displayed during temporary override.

The input must be commissioned accordingly (P38, P40, P42).

See section 4.10.

### **Button lock**

If the button lock function is enabled by parameter P14, the buttons will be locked or unlocked by pressing the right button for 3 seconds.

If "Auto lock" is configured, the thermostat will automatically lock the buttons 10 seconds after the last adjustment.

# Operating mode switchover contact (window contact)

The thermostat can be forced into Economy mode (e.g. when a window is opened). The window contact can be connected to digital input D1 (or multifunctional input X1, X2). Set parameter P42 (P38, P40) to 3.

### Extended Comfort mode (operating mode switchover contact closed)

The left button switches the operating mode from Economy to Comfort for the period preset in P68, if the following conditions are fulfilled:

- The operating mode switchover contact is closed (connected to input X1, X2, D1, parameter P38, P40, P42 set to 3)
- Parameter P68 (extend Comfort period) is greater than 0

During the temporary Comfort mode extension, sandglass symbol **x** appears.

If parameter P68 (extend Comfort period) = 0, extended Comfort cannot be activated; pressing the left button will show "OFF" (blinking 3 times).

# Temporary timer for extension of presence/absence

The current operating mode can be forced temporarily into Comfort or Economy/Protection mode. The time period is adjusted via the rotary knob:

- Extend presence: Set the device to Comfort mode for the selected time period
- Extend absence: Set the device to Economy/Protection mode for the selected time period

To activate the function, keep the left button pressed and, within 3 seconds, turn the rotary knob...

- · clockwise for extended presence
- · counterclockwise for extended absence

The rotary knob adjusts the time period:

- Extend presence: 0.00...+9:30 in steps of 30 minutes; symbol a appears
- Extend absence: 0.00...−9:30 in steps of 30 minutes; symbol ℂ or ஂ appears

During the extended presence/absence period, sandglass symbol  $\overline{\mathbb{Z}}$  appears.

### Function without time program

User profile for operating mode (selected via P02)	Operating mode when activating function	Function	Operating mode during function	Operating mode at the end of function
P02 = 1: 🌣 🛈	Comfort	Extension	Comfort	Protection
P02 = 1: 10 U	Comfort	Absence	Protection	Comfort
P02 = 2: ☼ ℂ ⓓ	Comfort or Economy	Extension	Comfort	Economy
PUZ = 2: 1/2 U	Comfort or Economy	Absence	Economy	Comfort

Note Extension/Absence functions not available in protection mode

### Function with time program (RDG100T, RDG160T..)

User profile for operating mode (selected via P02)	Operating mode when activating function	Function	Operating mode during function	Operating mode at the end of function
P02 = 1: (2) (3)	Auto or comfort	Extension	Comfort	Auto
1 02 – 1. Auto 📯 😉	Auto or comfort	Absence	Protection	Auto
P02 = 2 → ② ☼ C ⑥	Auto, Comfort or Economy	Extension	Comfort	Auto
1 02 - 2 / Auto A C U	Auto, Comfort or Economy	Absence	Economy	Auto

Note Extension/Absence functions are not available in protection mode

### Power reserve clock for 48 h during power failure

When the thermostat detects a power failure, all parameters and customer settings (time program, operating mode, setpoint and fan speed) are saved internally and the display is switched off.

The clock continues to run during power failure. After the thermostat powers up again, the display is switched on. The thermostat reloads the previous setting and continues to operate with the correct clock time.

If the power failure exceeds the maximum backup clock time, the correct time clock needs to be set manually on the thermostat.

Available for

RDG100T  $\geq$  index K RDG160T  $\geq$  index D RDG160TU  $\geq$  index B

### 4.6.1 Qx- relay switching functions (RDG160T.. only)

The following special functions are available on the RDG160T.. and allow the control of external equipment connected to the Q1, Q2 and Q3 relay outputs.

- Switch OFF external equipment when the thermostat is in Protection Mode
- Switch ON external equipment during heating/cooling demand
- Output heating/cooling sequence

The relay output corresponding parameters need to be set to enable the function.

- Function on Q1, set parameter P72. Test relay function via diagnostic d08.
- Function on Q2, set parameter P73. Test relay function via diagnostic d09.
- Function on Q3, set parameter P74. Test relay function via diagnostic d10.

#### Notes

- Those functions are available when DIP4 is set to OFF (EC fan).
- It is not suggested to use those functions in combination with the On/Off valve control (P46/P47=1) to guarantee the temperature accuracy. If this combination is requested, the total maximum current on the relay outputs (Q1+Q2+Q3) should not exceed 2A.

# Switch OFF external equipment in Protection mode

The external equipment (such as: fan coil unit) can be switched OFF via relay output, in order to reduce energy consumption when the thermostat is in Protection mode and no temperature control is requested.

The function can be enabled by setting the corresponding Qx- parameter to 1. Relay contact is open when the thermostat is in protection mode.

# Switch ON contact during Heat/Cool demand

During the heating or cooling demand, the relay contact can be energized to control an external equipment, for example to run the pump of a water system (fan coil).

To reduce the wear and tear of the HVAC equipment, the minimum output on-time and off-time of the Qx- relay output can be adjusted from 1 to 20 minutes via parameters P48 and P49. The factory setting is 1 minute.

Note

The relay output remains OFF if the heating is provided ONLY by electric heater (application 2-pipe electric heater, heating by electric heater, cooling by fan coil) or radiator.

### 2-pipe water system (with one pump):

- Enable the function by selecting the corresponding output parameter to 2
- Connect the external equipment to selected relay output
- In case of heating/cooling demand, the output contact is energized

### 4-pipe water system (with two pumps):

- The function can be enabled by selecting the correspondent output parameters > set one parameter to 3. The output is energized during heating demand > set one other parameter to 4. The output is energized during cooling demand
- Connect the external equipment to the selected relay outputs

### Output heating/cooling sequence

This function switches the relay output depending on the sequence, either heating or cooling. The output can be used for the release of a heat pump compressor.

- When the thermostat is in heating mode (even in dead zone):
   the correspondent Qx- output contact is closed.
- When the thermostat is in cooling mode (even in dead zone):
   the correspondent Qx- output contact is open.

The function can be enabled by setting the corresponding Qx- parameter to 5.

### 4.7 Control sequences

### 4.7.1 Sequences overview (setting via parameter P01)

The sequence can be set via parameter P01.

The thermostats can be used in systems featuring:

- Heating only (P01 = 0)
- Cooling only (P01 = 1)
- Manual heating/cooling changeover (P01 = 2)
- Automatic heating/cooling changeover (P01 = 3)
- Heating and cooling mode (e.g. 4-pipe system) (P01 = 4)

The available modes depend on the application (selected via DIP switch, see section 4.5).

Parameter	P01 = 0	P01 = 1	P01 = 2	P01 = 3	P01 = 4
Sequence	S T°C	X T*C	© <u>™</u> <del>™</del> <del>™</del> <del>™</del> <del>©</del>	□ ①/~- □ □ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑	
Mode  Available for basic application 1):	Heating mode	Cooling	Manually select heating or cooling sequence (using the button on the thermostat)	Automatic heating/cooling changeover via external water temperature sensor or remote switch	Heating and cooling mode, i.e. 4-pipe
2-pipe, 2-pipe and electric heater 2-pipe and radiator	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
4-pipe 4-pipe and electric heater			<b>√</b> 2)	✓ 2)	<b>✓</b>
2-stage heating or cooling	✓	✓	✓	✓	

Notes <sup>1)</sup> Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator applications: see section 4.7.9; Compressor applications: see section 4.7.10.

- 2) Manual and automatic changeover for 4-pipe applications, see section 4.7.6:
  - 4-pipe manual changeover (P01 = 2) means activating either cooling or heating outputs.
  - 4-pipe automatic changeover (P01 = 3) means swapping the control outputs according to a heating/cooling sensor or remote switch (main and secondary application), see section 4.7.6.

### 4.7.2 Control outputs configuration (setting via DIP switches 4/5 and parameters)

			Control outputs				
			On/Off (2-position)			Mod. 3-pos.	Mod. DC 010 V
	Fan control:	3-/1- speed	3-/1-speed	DC fan	3-/1-speed	3-/1-speed	3-/1-speed, DC fan
Applications	Type:	RDG10	RDG110	RDG160	RDG10	RDG10	RDG160
2-pipe	2-pipe ✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2-pipe and electric heater		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2-pipe and radiator/floor he	eating	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4-pipe		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4-pipe and electric heater		✓			✓	(√) *	
2 stage, cooling or heating		<b>√</b>	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓

\* Only possible for 1 actuator

RDG100...

With RDG100 and RDG100T, the function of the control outputs (2-position or 3-position) is set via DIP switches 4 and 5 .

The patterns of DIP switches 4 and 5 are as follows:



Y1/Y2 =	2-position	2-position	3-position	3-position
Y3/Y4 =	2-position	3-position	2-position	3-position

Note

If 2-position is selected, the factory setting is On/Off. If you want PWM (pulse width modulation), set parameters P46 and/or P47 to 2 = PWM.

RDG110.. RDG160T.. With RDG110.. only control output On/Off is available.

With RDG160T.., the function of the control outputs (DC 0...10 V or 2-position) is set via parameters P46 and P47.

Control output 1	P46=2	DC 010V signal	Y10 terminal	Factory setting
	P46=1	2-position signal	Q1 terminal	
Control output 2	P47=2	DC 010V signal	Y20 terminal	Factory setting
	P47=1	2-position signal	Q2 terminal	

Notes

- For applications with 3-speed fan, only DC 0...10 V control outputs on Y10, Y20 are
- Type of fan signal can be selected via P53 or DIP4, see section 4.9.
- 2-position valve actuator control on applications without fan function sequence of settings:
  - Set DIP 4 to Off and P53 = 3.
  - Disable the fan function via parameter P52 = 0
  - Set valve actuators to 2-position via P46 and/or P47 = 1

For details concerning connection of peripheral devices and setting of the DIP switches, refer to the Mounting Instructions:

- [4] M3181.1 (RDG100, RDG100T)
- [5] M3181.2 (RDG110)
- [6] M3181.5 (RDG160T)
- [7] M3183.1 (RDG110U)
- [8] M3183.2 (RDG160TU)

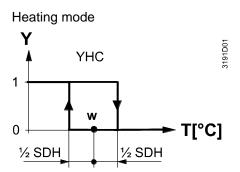
### 4.7.3 2-pipe fan coil unit

On 2-pipe applications, the thermostat controls a valve in heating/cooling mode with changeover (automatic or manual), heating only, or cooling only. Cooling only is factory set (P01 = 1).

### On/Off control

Control sequence On/Off output

The diagrams below shows the control sequence for 2-position control.



Cooling mode

Y

YHC

1

W

1

1/2 SDC

1/2 SDC

1/2 SDC

T[°C] Room temperature

w Room temperature setpoint

YHC Control command "Valve" or "Compressor"

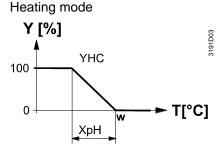
SDH Switching differential "Heating" (P30)

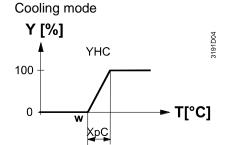
SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P31)

### Modulating control: 3-position, PWM or DC 0...10 V

Control sequence modulating output

The diagrams below show the control sequence for modulating PI control.





T[°C] Room temperature
w Room temperature setpoint
YHC Control command "Valve"

XpH Proportional band "Heating" (P30)
XpC Proportional band "Cooling" (P31)

Note The diagrams only show the PI controller's proportional part.

### Setting the sequence and the control outputs

Refer to section 4.5, 4.7.1 and 4.7.2.

### 4.7.4 2-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater

Heating or cooling with auxiliary heater

On 2-pipe applications with electric heater, the thermostat controls a valve in heating/cooling mode with changeover, heating only, or cooling only plus an electric heater.

Cooling only is factory set (P01=1) with enabled electric heater (P13).

Electric heating, active in cooling mode

In cooling mode, the valve receives an **OPEN** command if the acquired temperature is above the setpoint.

The electric heater receives an **ON** command if the acquired room temperature drops below "setpoint" minus "dead zone" (= setpoint for electric heater) while the electric heater is enabled (parameter P13 = on).

Note

"Setpoint for electric heater" is limited by parameter "Maximum setpoint for Comfort mode" (P10).

Electric heating in heating mode

In heating mode, the valve receives an **OPEN** command if the acquired temperature is below the setpoint. The electric heater is used as an additional heating source when the heating energy controlled by the valve is insufficient.

The electric heater receives an **ON** command, if the temperature is below "setpoint" minus "setpoint differential" (= setpoint for electric heater).

Electric heating and manual changeover

The electric heater is active in heating mode only and the control output for the valve is permanently disabled when manual changeover is selected (P01=2).

Digital input "Enable electric heater"

Remote enabling/disabling of the electric heater is possible via input X1, X2 or D1 for tariff regulations, energy savings, etc.

Input X1, X2, or D1 must be commissioned accordingly (parameters P38, P40, P42). See section 4.10.

Caution <u></u>

An electric heater must always be protected by a safety thermostat!

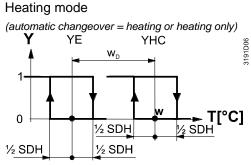
On/Off electric heater on RDG160T.. with ECM fan

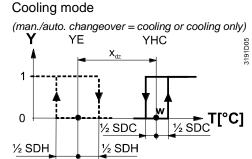
- With a DC 0...10 V (ECM) fan it is possible to select On/Off control for the electric heater by setting parameter P47 = 1. The electric heater has to be connected to output Q2.
- The electric heater starts with a delay of 15 s, to make sure the fan delivers sufficient air flow to dissipate the heat.
- To avoid overheating of the electric heater, the thermostat guarantee at least a fan speed II (middle value between Vmin (P56) – Vmax (P55)) when the electric heater need to be energized.
- Adaptive temperature compensation P45 need to be set accordingly (Refer to section 4.8).

### On/Off control

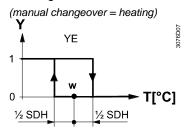
Control sequence On/Off output

The diagrams below show the control sequence for 2-position.





Heating mode with manual changeover (P01=2) on RDG100.. and RDG110..



T[°C] Room temperature

W Room temperature setpoint

YHC Control command "Valve" or "Compressor"

YE Control command "Electric heater"

SDH Switching differential "Heating" (P30)

SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P31)

X<sub>dz</sub> Dead zone (P33)

w<sub>D</sub> Setpoint differential (P34)

Note

 RDG160T.. with manual changeover works in the same way as for automatic changeover, with 2-stage heating.

### Modulating control 3-position, PWM or DC 0...10 V

Control sequence modulating output

The diagrams below show the control sequence for modulating control.

### Heating mode

(automatic changeover = heating or heating only)

Y [%] YE YHC

100

XpH XpH W

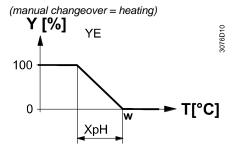
T[°C]

### Cooling mode

(man. /auto. changeover = cooling or cooling only)
Y [%] YE YHC

NATION TO SEE THE STATE OF THE

Heating mode with manual changeover (P01=2) on RDG100.. and RDG110..



T[°C] Room temperature

W Room temperature setpoint

YHC Control command "Valve"

YE Control command "Electric heater"

XpH Proportional band "Heating" (P30)

XpC Proportional band "Cooling" (P31)

X<sub>dz</sub> Dead zone (P33)

w<sub>D</sub> Setpoint differential (P34)

Note

- The diagrams only show the PI controller's proportional part.
- RDG160T.. with manual changeover works in the same way as for automatic changeover, with 2-stage heating.

### Setting the sequence and the control outputs

Refer to section 4.5, 4.7.1 and 4.7.2.

### 4.7.5 2-pipe fan coil unit with radiator or floor heating

### Heating or cooling with radiator or floor heating

On 2-pipe applications with radiator, the thermostat controls a valve in heating/cooling mode with changeover, heating only, or cooling only plus a radiator valve. Cooling only is factory-set (P01=1).

### Radiator, active in cooling mode

In cooling mode, the valve receives an **OPEN** command if the acquired temperature is above the setpoint.

The radiator receives an **ON** command if the acquired room temperature drops below "setpoint" minus "dead zone" (= "setpoint for radiator").

### Radiator in heating mode

In heating mode, the radiator receives an **OPEN** command if the acquired temperature is below the setpoint. The fan coil unit is used as an additional heat source when the heat energy controlled by the radiator is insufficient.

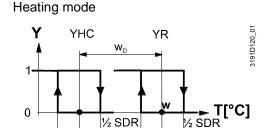
The fan coil unit receives an **ON** command if the temperature is below "setpoint" minus "setpoint differential" (= setpoint for fan coil unit).

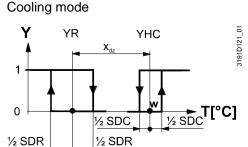
### Floor heating

The radiator sequence can also be used for floor heating. The "Floor heating limitation function" is described on page 20.

### On/Off control

The diagrams below show the control sequence for 2-position control.





T[°C] Room temperature

½ SDH

W Room temperature setpoint

YHC Control command "Valve" or "Compressor"

½ SDH

YR Control command "Radiator"

SDH Switching differential "Heating" (P30)

SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P31)

 $X_{dz}$  Dead zone (P33)

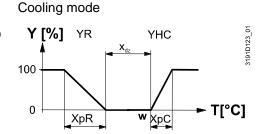
w<sub>D</sub> Setpoint differential (P34)

### Modulating control: 3-position, PWM or DC 0...10 V

The diagrams below show the control sequence for modulating PI control.

T[°C]

# Heating mode Y [%] YHC YR 100



T[°C] Room temperature

XpH

0

W Room temperature setpoint

YHC Control command "Valve"

YR Control command "Radiator"

XpH Proportional band "Heating" (P30)

XpC Proportional band "Cooling" (P31)

X<sub>dz</sub> Dead zone (P33)

w<sub>D</sub> Setpoint differential (P34)

Note The diagrams only show the PI controller's proportional part.

XpR

### Setting the sequence and the control outputs

Refer to section 4.5, 4.7.1 and 4.7.2.

30/80

### 4.7.6 4-pipe fan coil unit

### Heating and cooling

On 4-pipe applications, the thermostat controls 2 valves in heating and cooling mode, heating/cooling mode by manual selection, or heating and cooling mode with changeover. Heating and cooling mode (P01=4) is factory-set.

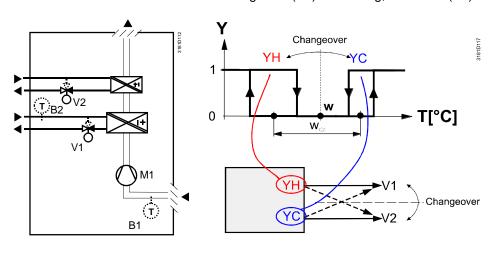
4-pipe application with manual changeover

The heating or cooling output can be released via operating mode button if parameter P01 is set to manual (P01=2).

"Main and secondary" application (4-pipe with changeover)

If parameter P01 is set to changeover (P01=3), the heating and cooling output is swapped according to the changeover sensor input status (see automatic heating and cooling changeover sensor, section 4.6). This mode is used for the so-called "Main and secondary" application. This is a 4-pipe fan coil unit system with different capacity of the 2 coils. The water circuit is changed to optimize the energy exchange depending on the season (summer/winter):

- Winter: Large coil (V1) for heating, small coil (V2) for cooling
- Summer: Large coil (V1) for cooling, small coil (V2) for heating



Note: This example shows

On/Off control; for modulating control, connect the appropriate output terminals.

Notes

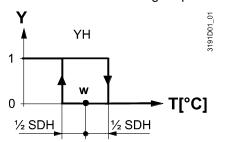
- The factory setting for the heating and cooling changeover sensor (B2 in the above diagram) is input X2 (P40 = 2)
- The thermostat assumes winter operation when B2 > P37 (factory setting 28 °C (82 °F))
- The thermostat assumes summer operation when B2 < P36 (factory setting 16 °C (61 °F))

### On/Off control

The diagrams below show the control sequence for 2-position control.

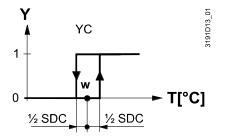
Heating mode with manual selection (P01=2) or

for P09 >= P10 in heating sequence \*)

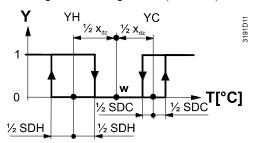


Cooling mode with manual selection (P01=2) or

for P09 >= P10 in cooling sequence \*)



Heating and cooling mode (P01=04)



T[°C] Room temperature

w Room temperature setpoint

YH Control command "Valve" (heating)

YC Control command "Valve" (cooling)

SDH Switching differential "Heating" (P30)

SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P31)

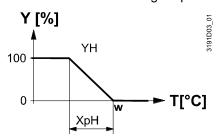
X<sub>dz</sub> Dead zone (P33)

### Modulating control: 3-position or PWM

The diagrams below show the control sequence of modulating PI control.

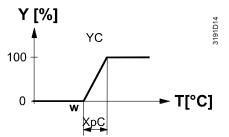
Heating mode with manual selection (P01=2) or

for P09 >= P10 in heating sequence \*)

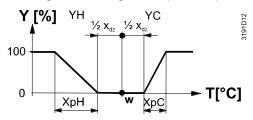


Cooling mode with manual selection (P01=2) or

for P09 >= P10 in cooling sequence \*)



Heating and cooling mode (P01=04)



T[°C] Room temperature

w

Room temperature setpoint

YH Control command "Valve" (heating)

YC Control command "Valve" (cooling)

XpH Proportional band "Heating" (P30)

XpC Proportional band "Cooling" (P31)

dz Dead zone (P33)

Note The diagrams only show the PI controller's proportional part.

### Setting the sequence and the control outputs

Refer to section 4.5, 4.7.1 and 4.7.2.

<sup>\*)</sup> see section 4.3.

### 4.7.7 4-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater (RDG100..)

Heating and cooling with auxiliary heater

On 4-pipe applications with electric heater, the thermostat controls 2 valves in heating and cooling mode by manual selection, heating and cooling mode with automatic changeover, heating only, or cooling only plus an electric heater.

Heating and cooling is factory-set (P01=4).

Electric heating in heating mode

The electric heater is used as an additional heat source when the heating energy controlled by the valve is insufficient.

The electric heater receives an **ON** command when the temperature is below "setpoint" minus "1/2 dead zone" minus "setpoint differential" (= "setpoint for electric heater").

Digital input "Enable electric heater"

Remote enabling/disabling of the electric heater is possible via input X1, X2, or D1 for tariff regulations, energy saving, etc.

Input X1, X2, or D1 must be commissioned accordingly (parameters P38, P40, P42). See section 4.10 for details.

Caution <u></u>

An electric heater must always be protected by a safety thermostat!

4-pipe application with manual changeover

The heating or cooling output can be released via operating mode button if parameter P01 is set to manual (P01=2).

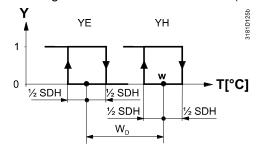
"Main and secondary" application

See section 4.7.6 for details.

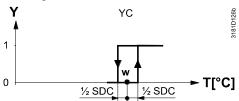
### On/Off control

The diagrams below show the control sequence for 2-position control.

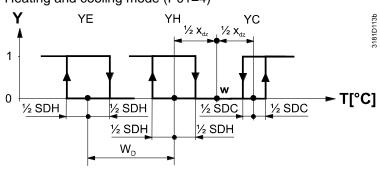
Heating mode with manual selection (P01=2)



Cooling mode with **manual** selection P01=2)



Heating and cooling mode (P01=4)



T[°C] Room temperature

w Room temperature setpoint

YE Control command "Electric heater"

YH Control command "Valve" or "Comp." (H)

YC Control command "Valve" or "Comp." (C)

SDH Switching differential "Heating" (P30)

SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P31)

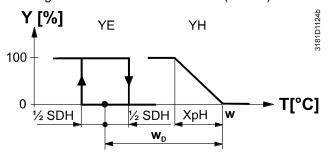
X<sub>dz</sub> Dead zone (P33)

w<sub>D</sub> Setpoint differential (P34)

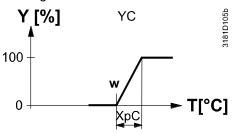
### Modulating control: 3-position or PWM

The diagrams below show the control sequence of modulating PI control.

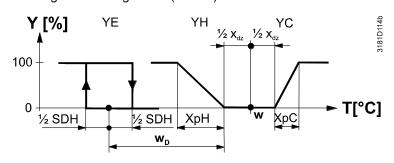
Heating mode with manual selection (P01=2)



Cooling mode with manual selection P01=2)



Heating and cooling mode (P01=4)



T[°C] Room temperature

w Room temperature setpoint

YE Control. command "Electric heater"

(only On/Off)

YH Control command "Valve" or "Comp." (H)

(only PWM, not 3-position)

YC Control command "Valve" or "Comp." (C)

XpH Proportional band "Heating" (P30)

XpC Proportional band "Cooling" (P31)

X<sub>dz</sub> Dead zone (P33)

w<sub>D</sub> Setpoint differential (P34)

Note The diagrams only show the PI controller's proportional part.

### Setting the sequence and the control outputs

Refer to section 4.5, 4.7.1 and 4.7.2.

Notes

- YH can only be On/Off or PWM
- YC can be On/Off, PWM or 3-position
- YE can only be On/Off

### 4.7.8 2-stage heating or cooling

### 2-stage heating or cooling

On 2-stage applications, the thermostat controls 2 valves or compressors in heating or cooling mode or changeover (automatic or manual).

"Cooling only" is factory-set (P01=1).

Heating mode

In heating mode, the 1st stage is activated if the acquired temperature is below the setpoint.

The 2nd stage is activated if the acquired room temperature drops below "setpoint" minus "setpoint differential".

Cooling mode

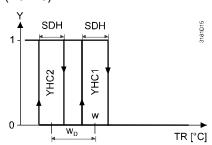
In cooling mode, the 1st stage is activated if the acquired temperature is above the setpoint

The 2nd stage is activated if the acquired room temperature rises above "setpoint" plus "setpoint differential".

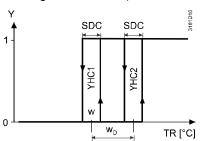
#### On/Off control

The diagrams below show the control sequence for 2-position control.

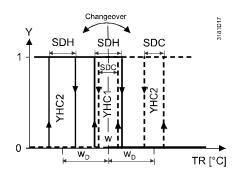
### Heating mode (P01=0)



### Cooling mode P01=1)



### Changeover (P01=2 or P01= 3)



#### T[°C] Room temperature

w Room temperature setpoint

YHC1 Control command "Stage 1"

YHC2 Control command "Stage 2"

SDH Switching differential "Heating" (P30)

SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P31)

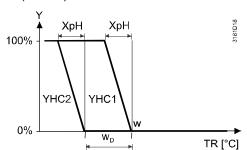
X<sub>dz</sub> Dead zone (P33)

w<sub>D</sub> Setpoint differential (P34)

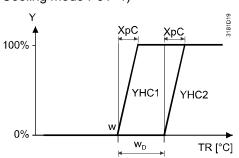
### Modulating control: 3-position, PWM or DC 0...10 V

The diagrams below show the control sequence of modulating PI control.

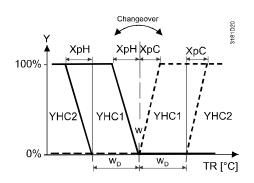
Heating mode (P01=0)



Cooling mode P01=1)



Changeover (P01=2 or P01=3)



T[°C] Room temperature

w Room temperature setpoint

YHC1 Control command "Stage 1"

YHC2 Control command "Stage 2"

XpH Proportional band "Heating" (P30)

KpC Proportional band "Cooling" (P31)

X<sub>dz</sub> Dead zone (P33)

w<sub>D</sub> Setpoint differential (P34)

Note The diagrams only show the PI controller's proportional part.

### Setting the sequence and the control outputs

Refer to section 4.5, 4.7.1 and 4.7.2.

#### 4.7.9 Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator applications

For chilled/heated ceiling and radiator,

- set the corresponding basic application
- disable the fan (P52)

The following applications are available:

Application for chilled/heated ceiling, radiator	Set basic application	See section	Sequences
Chilled/heated ceiling with changeover	2-pipe	4.7.3	H (\)C (/)
Chilled/heated ceiling and electric Heater (cooling only: disable electric heater via P13)	2-pipe and electric heater	4.7.4	EI. H + H ( {3 \ ) EI. H + C ( {3 / ) C (/)
Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator	2-pipe and radiator	4.7.5	H + rad (\ r\ ) Rad + C ( r\/)
Chilled ceiling and radiator	4-pipe	4.7.6	H+C (\/)
Chilled/heated ceiling, 2-stage	2-stage heating or cooling	4.7.8	H+H (\\) C+C (//)

Refer to section 4.5.2 for details about the product type and control outputs.

### 4.7.10 Compressor applications (general)

For compressor applications,

- set the corresponding basic application
- disable the fan (P52) or set the fan speed (P53)

The following applications are available:

Application for chilled/heated ceiling, radiator	Set basic application	See section	Sequences	RDG110 RDG110U	RDG160T RDG160TU
1-stage compressor	2-pipe	4.7.3	H (\)C (/)	<b>√</b>	<b>&gt;</b>
1-stage compressor and electric heater (cooling only: disable electric heater via P13)	2-pipe and electric heater	4.7.4	EI. H+H (	<b>✓</b>	<b>&gt;</b>
1-stage compressor for heating and cooling	4-pipe	4.7.6	H+C (\/)	✓	<b>√</b>
1-stage compressor with reversing valve (for details, see below)	4-pipe	4.7.6	H+C (\(\/\)	✓	1
2-stage compressor	2-stage heating or cooling	4.7.8	H+H (\\) C+C (//)	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>

Notes

• Minimum On/Off time: P48/P49

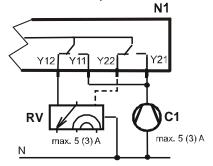
Fan operation: P52 (0 = disabled, 1 = enabled)
Fan speed: P53 (1 = 1-speed, 2 = 3-speed)

Refer to section 4.5.3 for details about the product type and control outputs.

### 4.7.11 1-stage heating or cooling with reversing valve (RDG110..)

On this application, the thermostat controls a compressor in heating or cooling mode with changeover (automatic or manual). Cooling only is factory-set (P01=1).

- Set basic application "4-pipe" (see section 4.7.6)
- Connect compressor and reversing valve as follows:





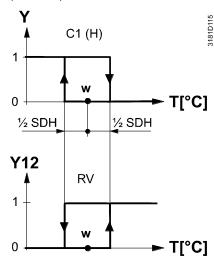
**Hardware** 

This application is available with RDG110.. only.

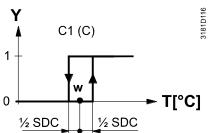
#### On/Off control

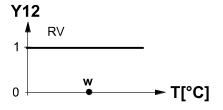
The diagrams below show the control sequences for 2-position control.

Heating mode with manual selection (P01 = 2)

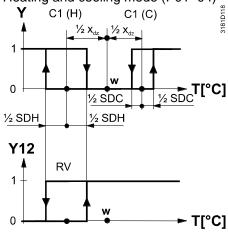


Cooling mode with manual selection (P01 = 2)





Heating and cooling mode (P01=04)



T[°C] Room temperature

Room temperature setpoint

Y11 Control command "Compressor" (H)

Y21 Control command "Compressor" (C)

Y12 Control command "Reversing valve" (heating = ON)

SDH Switching differential "Heating" (P30)

SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P31)

X<sub>dz</sub> Dead zone (P33)

### 4.8 Control outputs

# Overview of control outputs

Different control output signals are available depending on the thermostat type, the position of DIP switches 4 and 5, and parameters P46 and P47 (see section 4.7.2).

Control output	On/Off	PWM	3-position	DC 010 V
Product no.				
RDG100	Y1, Y2, Y3	Y1, Y3,	Y1/Y2, Y3/Y4	
RDG100T	(3 x N.O.)	(2 x PWM)	(2 x ▲/▼ )	
RDG110	Y11/Y12,			
RDG110U	Y21/Y22 (2 x			
	SPDT)			
RDG160T	Q1, Q2			Y10, Y20
RDG160TU	(2 x N.O.)			(2 x DC 010 V)

# On/Off control signal (2-position)

The valve or compressor receives the **ON** command via control output Y1 or Y3 (RDG110..: Y11/Y21, RDG160T..: Q1/Q2) when

- 1. the acquired room temperature is below the setpoint (heating mode) or above the setpoint (cooling mode).
- 2. the control outputs have been inactive for more than the "Minimum output off-time" (factory setting 1 minute, adjustable via parameter P48).

#### **OFF** command when

- 1. the acquired room temperature is above the setpoint (heating mode) or below the setpoint (cooling mode).
- 2. the valve has been active for more than the "Minimum output on-time" (factory setting 1 minute, adjustable via parameter P49).

# Electric heater control signal (On/Off)

The electric heater receives an **ON** command via the auxiliary heating control output (Y.., see Mounting Instructions) when

- 1. the acquired room temperature is below "Setpoint for electric heater"
- 2. the electric heater has been switched off for at least 1 minute

The **OFF** command for the electric heater is output when

- 1. the acquired room temperature is above the setpoint (electric heater)
- 2. the electric heater has been switched on for at least 1 minute

### Caution <u></u>

A safety thermostat (to prevent overtemperatures) must be provided externally.

Note!

On RDG160T.. the electric heater can be controlled via the 2-position output (Q2) by setting P47 = 1.

Adaptive temperature compensation for electric heater (RDG160T..., RDG110...)

When an electric heater is connected directly to the On/Off output (RDG160T..: Q2, RDG110..:Y21), the current causes the relay contact to heat up. This falsifies the reading of the internal temperature sensor. The thermostat compensates the temperature if the rated current/power of the electric heating is entered in the parameters.

RDG160T..:

P45 (power electric heater): Factory setting: 0.0 kW, setting range: 0.0...1.2 kW.

RDG110:

P46 (load current electric heater): Factory setting: 1 A, setting range: 1...5 A.

RDG110U

P46 is not available for AC 24 V operating voltage with electric heater controlled via external relay.

# 3-position control signal

This function is available with RDG100 and RDG100T.

Heating: Output Y1 provides the **OPEN** command, and Y2 the **CLOSE** command to the 3-position actuator. Relay function Y1/Y2 and wiring can be tested via diagnostic parameter d05. Cooling: Idem with Y3 and Y4. Relay function Y3/Y4 and wiring can be tested via diagnostic parameter d06.

The factory setting for the actuator's running time is 150 seconds. It can be adjusted via parameters P44 (Y1 and Y2) or P45 (Y3 and Y4).

The parameters are only visible if 3-position is selected via DIP switches 4 and 5.

#### Synchronization

- 1. When the thermostat is powered up, a closing command for the actuator running time + 150% is provided to ensure that the actuator fully closes and synchronizes to the control algorithm.
- 2. When the thermostat calculates the positions "fully close" or "fully open", the actuator's running time is extended + 150% to ensure the right actuator position is synchronized to the control algorithm.
- 3. After the actuator reaches the position calculated by the thermostat, a waiting time of 30 seconds is applied to stabilize the outputs.

#### **PWM** control

This function is available with RDG100 and RDG100T.

The demand calculated by PI control from the current room temperature and setpoint is provided via Y1 and Y3 to the valve actuator as a PWM signal (pulse width modulation) for thermal actuators. The output is activated for a period proportional to the heating/cooling demand and then switched off for the rest of the PWM interval.

The interval is 150 seconds (factory setting). It can be adjusted via parameters P44 (Y1) or P45 (Y3). These parameters are only visible if 2-position is selected via DIP switches 4 and 5 and if PWM is selected via P46 and P47.

#### Note!

For PWM, the integral time (P35) must be set to 0.

# PWM for thermal valve actuators

For thermal valve actuators, set the running time to 240 seconds.

#### Note!

- Never apply PWM to an electromotoric actuator.
- It is not possible to ensure exact parallel running of 2 or more thermal valve actuator. If several fan coil units are driven by the same thermostat, preference should be given to electromotoric actuators with On/Off or 3-position position control.

#### PWM for electric heaters

For electric heaters, set the running time to 90 seconds.

To avoid burn-off of mechanical contacts by frequent switching, use a current valve in place of a relay or contactor.

Note! For PWM, the integral time (P35) must be set to 0.

#### DC 0...10 V control

This function is available with RDG160T.. only.

DC 0...10 V for valve actuators

The demand calculated by PI control from the current room temperature and setpoint is provided via Y10 and Y20 to the valve actuator as a continuous DC 0...10 V signal.

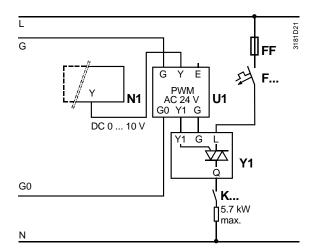
DC 0...10 V for electric heaters

For applications with 3-speed fan, the electric heater can be controlled only via DC output.

- The demand calculated by PI control from the current room temperature and setpoint is provided via Y20 as a continuous DC 0...10 V signal.
- The signal converter (SEM61.4) converts the DC 0...10 V signal to AC 24 V PDM pulses for the current valve.
- The current valve (SEA45.1) supplies the electric heater with AC 50...660 V pulsed current.

**Note!** For applications with ECM fan (DC signal) on RDG160T.., the electric heater can be controlled via the On/Off output (Q2) by setting P47 = 1.

Adaptive temperature compensation: see 4.7.4.



- N1 RDG160T...
- U1 Signal converter SEM61.4 (see Data
  - Sheet N5102)
- Y1 Current valve SEA45.1 (see Data Sheet N4937)
- K... Safety loop (e.g. safety thermostat and high-temperature cutout)
- FF Very fast-acting fuse
- F... Overcurrent trip

#### 4.9 Fan control

# Overview of fan outputs

Different fan output signals are available depending on the thermostat type:

Control output	2 On/Off 1-/3-speed fan	Modulating fan DC 010 V	Control type selected via
Product no.			
RDG100, RDG100T	Q1,Q2,Q3 (3)		P53
RDG110	Q1,Q2,Q3 (3)		P53
RDG160T	Q1,Q2,Q3 (3) 1)	Y50 (1) 1)	P53, DIP 4

<sup>()</sup> Number of outputs

The fan operates in automatic mode or at the selected speed with manual mode. In automatic mode, the fan speed depends on the setpoint and the current room temperature. When the room temperature reaches the setpoint, the control valve closes and the fan switches off or stays at fan speed I (minimum fan speed) according to the setting of parameters P15 and P60.

Factory setting for "Fan in the dead zone":

• Fan speed OFF: P15 = 0, P60 = OFF.

Only one fan output at a time is on, either Q1, Q2 or Q3.

# Selection fan output on RDG160T..

The type of the fan output (DC 0...10 V, 3-speed or 1-speed) can be set via DIP switch 4, local HMI (P53).

If application is set via DIP switches and DIP 4 = Off:

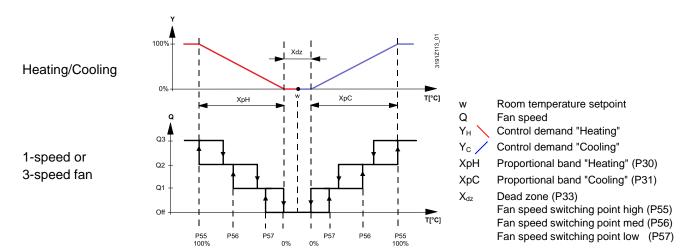
- DC 0...10 V fan (ECM) on Y50 is selected
- Parameter P53 = 3 (ECM fan) cannot be modified
- 1-speed/3-speed fan output is not selectable

If application is set via DIP switches and DIP 4 = On

- 3-speed fan on Q1, Q2, Q3 is selected, parameter P53 = 2
- 1-speed fan (on Q1) can be selected via HMI (P53 = 1)
- DC 0...10 V (ECM) fan output is not selectable
- 3-speed fan output is enabled only if the application has also been selected

<sup>1)</sup> Selectable via P53 or DIP switch 4 on RDG160T...

3-speed fan control with modulating heating/cooling control (PWM, 3-pos or DC 0...10 V) The individual switching points for **ON** of each fan stage can be adjusted via control parameters P55...P57. The fan speed switch off point is 20% below the switch on point. The diagrams below show fan speed control for modulating PI control.

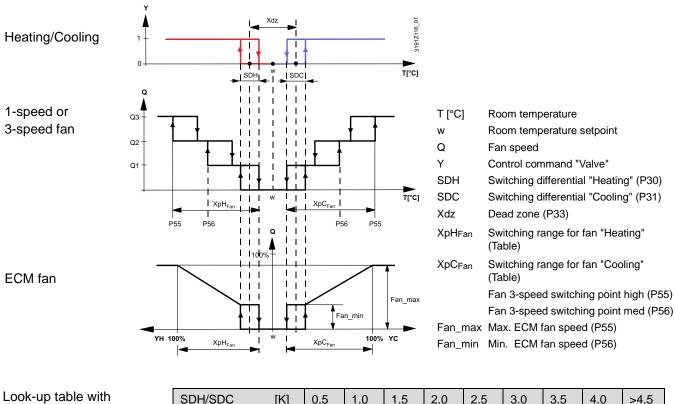


Note The diagram only shows the PI control's proportional part.

# 3-speed/ECM fan control with On/Off heating/cooling control

On applications with 2-position control:

- 1) The switching point for low fan speed is synchronized to the heating/cooling output. Parameter "Switching point fan speed low" P57 is not relevant.
- 2) The maximum switching range of the fan (XpH<sub>Fan/</sub>XpC<sub>Fan</sub>) is defined by the switching differential (SDH/SDC) via a look-up table.



Look-up table with On/Off control

SDH/SDC	[K]	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	>4.5
XpH <sub>Fan</sub> /XpC <sub>Fan</sub>	[K]	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

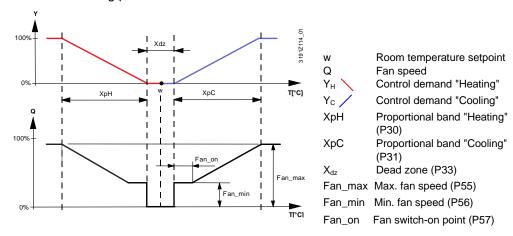
#### 1-speed/3-speed fan

The thermostat can control a 1-speed or 3-speed fan (selected via control parameter P53).

A 1-speed fan is connected to terminal Q1, a 3-speed fan to terminals Q1, Q2 and Q3.

Control sequence for DC 0...10 V fan (ECM) and DC 0...10 V valves (RDG160T..) When DC 0...10 V Fan and DC 0...10 V valve output control is selected, the fan switching points can be set via the following parameters:

- P55: ECM fan max. output
- P56: ECM fan min. output
- P57: Switching point fan

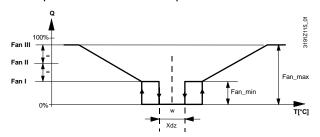


Note The diagram only shows the PI control's proportional part.

# Manual operation DC 0...10 V fan

Fan speed 4-I = Min. fan speed

Fan speed 2-II = half-way between min. fan speed and max. fan speed Fan speed 3-III = Max. fan speed



Note: The control signals "Heating" and "Cooling" are not influenced by the manual setting of fan speeds.

#### Note

By heating only with electric heater, manual fan speed 4-I cannot be selected to guarantee the necessary minimum air flow for the electric heater and to avoid overheating of the system.

# 2 sequences heating/cooling

For heating or cooling with 2 sequences (e.g. heating with a heating coil and an electric heater, or 2-stage cooling), the fan is always synchronized with the first sequence.

# Fan operation as per heating/cooling mode, or disabled

Fan operation can be limited to be active with cooling only or heating only, or even be totally disabled via control parameter "Fan operation" P52.

When fan operation is disabled, the fan symbol on the display disappears and pressing the fan button has no impact.

This function allows you to use the thermostat on universal applications such as chilled/heated ceilings and radiator, etc. (see section 4.7.9).

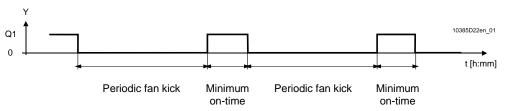
# Fan minimum on- time

Fan kick P60, P61

In automatic mode, a dwelling time of 2 minutes (factory setting) is active. The fan maintains each speed for at least 2 minutes before it changes to the next speed. This minimum on-time can be adjusted from 1...6 minutes via parameter P59.

In automatic fan mode and with the room temperature in the dead zone, the control valve is normally closed and the fan disabled. With the "Fan kick" function, the fan can be released from time to time at low speed for minimum on-time (see above) even if the valve is closed.

This function can be used to avoid damage from moisture due to a lack of air circulation, or to allow a return air temperature sensor to acquire the correct room temperature.



The periodic fan kick time can be selected individually for Comfort mode via parameter P60, and for Economy mode via parameter P61.

Note

- Fan kick value "0" means the fan runs continuously in the dead zone.
- Fan kick value "1" and higher: value in minutes
- Fan kick value "OFF" means the fan does not run in the dead zone.

# Fan operation in dead zone P15

Via parameter P15 in "Service Level", the fan speed in the dead zone (in Comfort mode) can be set according to customer preference.

The following options are available:

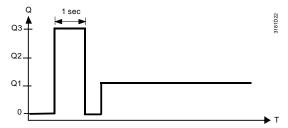
- Fan does not run in the dead zone (P15=0)
- Fan runs at low speed in Heating and Cooling mode (P15=1)
- Fan runs at low speed in Cooling mode only (P15=2)

The functions "Fan in dead zone" (P15) and "Fan kick" (P60) are combined as follows:

- P60 = 0 Fan runs continuously in the dead zone, P15 has no influence
- P60 = OFF Fan operation in dead zone according to P15

Fan start

When the fan starts from standstill, it starts at speed 3-III for 1 second to ensure safe fan motor start by overcoming inertia and friction (selected via parameter P58).



Fan overrun for electric heater

When the electric heater is switched off, the fan overruns for 60 seconds (parameter P54) to avoid overtemperature of the electric heater or prevent the thermal cutout from responding.



In case of fan failure, the thermostat cannot protect the electric heater against overtemperature. For this reason, the electric heater must feature a separate safety device (thermal cutout).

#### Clean fan filter reminder

The "Clean fan filter reminder" function counts the fan operating hours and displays message "FIL  $\mathcal{Q}$ " to remind the user to change/clean the fan filter as soon as the threshold is reached. This does not impact the thermostat's operation, which continues to run normally. The function is set via parameter P62 (default = Off (0)). The "Clean filter reminder" is reset when the operating mode is manually set to Protection and back.

# Fan in Auto Timer mode (RDG1..T)

In Auto Timer mode  $\frac{Q}{Auto}$ , the default fan mode is automatic. The fan mode can be changed to Manual by pressing the FAN button. The fan returns to the automatic default mode after each switchover from Comfort to Economy mode, and vice versa.

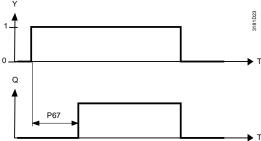
#### Fan start delay

To let the heating/cooling coil reach its temperature, the fan start can be delayed by a time period set via parameter P67.

Function available with:

RDG100..: On/Off control outputs RDG110..: On/Off control outputs

RDG160T..: On/Off and DC control outputs, 3-speed and DC fan



### 4.10 Multifunctional input, digital input

The thermostat has 2 multifunctional inputs X1 and X2 and a digital input D1. A sensor type NTC like the QAH11.1 (AI, analog input) or a switch (DI, digital input) can be connected to the input terminals. The functionality of the inputs can be configured via parameters P38 for X1, P40 for X2, and P42 for D1.

#	Function of input	Description	Type X1/X2	Type DI
0	Not used	No function.	-	
1	External/return air temperature	Sensor input for external room temperature sensor or return air temperature sensor to acquire the current room temperature, or floor heating temperature sensor to limit the heating output.  Note: The room temperature is acquired by the built-in sensor if the floor temperature limitation function is enabled via parameter P51.	Al	
2	Heating/cooling changeover	Sensor input for automatic heating/cooling changeover function.  A switch can also be connected rather than a sensor Important: Switch closed means always cooling, (this cannot be changed), see section  I.6.		DI
3	Operating mode switchover	Digital input to switch over the operating mode to Economy.  If the operating mode switchover contact is active, user operations are ineffective and "OFF" is displayed.	DI	DI
4	Dewpoint monitor	Digital input for a dewpoint sensor to detect condensation. Cooling is stopped if condensation occurs.	DI	DI
5	Enable electric heater	Digital input to enable/disable the electric heater via remote control.	DI	DI
6	Fault	Digital input to signal an external fault (example: dirty air filter).  If the input is active, "ALx" is displayed (Alarm x, with x = 1 for X1, x = 2 for X2, x = 3 for D1).  Note: Fault displays do not influence the thermostat's operation. They merely represent a visual signal.	DI	DI
9	Supply air temperature limitation (RDG160T only)	Sensor input to acquire the supply air temperature.  The thermostat controls the room temperature via the built-in sensor.  The control output (DC 010 V) is reduced if the supply air temperature exceeds the min/max limits (P63, P64).	AI	

Operational action can be changed between normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) via parameter P39, P41 (or P43 if it is a digital input).

Each input X1, X2 or D1 must be configured with a different function (1...5, 9).

Exception: 1, 2 or 3 inputs can be configured as alarm inputs (6).

X1 is factory-set to "External sensor" (1), X2 to "Heating/cooling changeover" (2), and D1 to "Operating mode changeover" (3).

If a multifunctional input is configured as analog: "Err" will be displayed when the output is out of range (0...49 °C (32...120 °F)), open or shorted. For more details, refer to section 4.5.

#### Installation notes

- For inputs X1, X2, or D1, one physical switch can be used for up to 20 thermostats (parallel connection).
  - Caution! DO NOT mix X1/X2 (mains potential) and D1.
- For sensors on inputs X1, X2, or D1, the cable length is max. 80 m.

### 4.11 Auto timer (RDG100T, RDG160T.. only)

The thermostat provides an Auto Timer mode with 8 programmable timers. Each timer can be assigned to one or several days. In this mode, the thermostat automatically changes over between Comfort and Economy mode according to the preprogrammed timers.

# Setting the time of day and the weekday









- 1. Press the program mode button to enter the programming mode menu.
- Press button ✓ (OK) to enter the setting mode for the time of day.
   The time digits start blinking.
- 3. Turn the rotary knob clock- or counterclockwise to set the time of day.

# 12-hour and 24-hour format

If the current time of day is in 24-hour format and you wish to change it to 12-hour format, turn the knob clockwise passed 23:59 or counterclockwise passed 00:00.

If the current time of day is in 12-hour format and you wish to change it to 24-hour format, turn the knob clockwise passed 12:00 pm or counterclockwise passed 12:00 am.









- Confirm the time of day by pressing the right button ✓
   The weekday indicator starts blinking.
- 5. Turn the rotary knob clock- or counterclockwise to set the current weekday.
- 6. Confirm the current weekday by pressing button ✓ (OK).
- 7. Press the program mode button ¶ (Esc) to leave the program mode.

#### Note

- RDG100T: Time and weekday are always visible on the display, even when auto timer is OFF (P02 = 3 or 4).
- RDG160T..: Time and weekday are NOT visible on the display when auto timer is disabled, either by setting P02 to 3, 4 or DIP5 to ON.

#### Power failure

After a power failure, the time of day will blink to indicate power was lost. However the auto timer will continue to run with the time before the power loss occurred. Enter the setting mode to adjust the time of day if needed.

# Setting the timers (RDG1x0T.. only)

The RDG100T and RDG160T.. provide 8 programmable timers A1...A8. Each timer has a Comfort mode start and end time that can be applied to one or several weekdays. To set an auto timer, proceed as follows:















- 1. Press the program mode button twice to select "Auto timer setting" on the "Programming mode" menu.
- 2. Turn the rotary knob to the desired timer A1...A8 that you wish to adjust and press button ✓ (OK).
- 3. Turn the rotary knob to adjust the Comfort mode start time and confirm by pressing button ✓ (OK).
- 4. Turn the rotary knob to adjust the Comfort mode end time or Economy start time respectively and confirm by pressing button ✓ (OK).
- 5. Weekday 1, ✓ and ∮ blink. Press button ✓ (OK) to select or button ∮ (Esc) to deselect each day and advance to the next day.
- 6. After the 7th day is adjusted, all selected weekdays blink.

  Confirm setting for actual timer by pressing button ✓ (OK) and advance to the next timer. To adjust the next timer, repeat step 3...6 or press button ↓ (Esc) to leave the setting mode.

Notes

- To save your adjustments, remember to press button ✓ (OK) in step 6 above before
  pressing button (Esc) to leave the programmable timer setting mode.
- Auto timer can be disabled via parameter P02 (=3 or 4), (RDG1..T..) or via DIP5 = ON on RDG160T...
- RDG100T: Time and weekday are always visible on the display, even when auto timer is OFF (P02 = 3 or 4).
- RDG160T..: Time and weekday are NOT visible on the display when auto timer is disabled, either by setting P02 to 3, 4 or DIP5 to ON.

# View the programmable settings

You can view the 8 timers in sequence:







- 1. Press the program mode button twice to select the "Auto timer setting" in programming mode.
- 2. Turn the rotary knob to review the 8 auto timers.
- 3. Press button (Esc) to return to normal operation.

#### **Default timer settings**

Timers A1...A4 have the following default settings (residential use):

Days	Time when thermos	tat is in Comfort mode					
Mon(1)- Fri(5)	06:30 - 08:30 (A1)	17:30 – 22:30 (A2)					
Sat (6)	08:00-2	08:00-23:00 (A3)					
Sun (7)	08:00-	22:30(A4)					
	The thermostat is in Economy	mode C during the remaining time					
	Timers A5A8 are free with no	o default settings					

#### Reloading the default timer settings











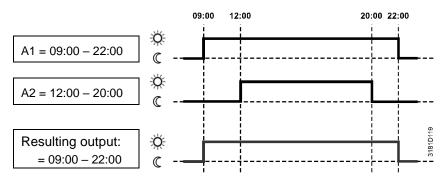


- 1. Press the program mode button twice to select the "Auto timer setting" in programming mode.
- 2. Press button ✓ (OK) to enter the timer setting mode.
- Press the program mode button for at least 3 seconds. "rES" will be displayed.
- 4. Press button  $\checkmark$  (OK) to confirm reloading of the default timer settings or button  $\P$  (Esc) to leave without change.

The display shows "8888" during the reloading process.

# Overlapping of timer sequences

When several timer sequences overlap, the resulting output is the OR combination of the Comfort mode time of all timers.



### 4.12 Handling faults

# Temperature out of range

When the room temperature is outside the measuring range, i.e. above 49 °C (120 °F) or below 0 °C (32 °F), the limiting temperatures blink, e.g. "0 °C (32 °F)" or "49 °C (120 °F)".

In addition, the heating output is activated if the current setpoint is not set to "OFF", the thermostat is in heating mode and the temperature is below 0 °C (32 °F). For all other cases, no output is activated.

The thermostat resumes Comfort mode after the temperature returns to within the measuring range.

#### Fault "Er1" on display

When the built-in sensor fails and no external sensor is connected, the thermostat shows the fault message "Er1" on the display. The thermostat needs to be replaced if the room temperature needs to be measured with the built-in sensor.

#### 4.13 Infrared remote control

Use the IRA211 infrared remote control to operate a thermostat with built-in infrared receiver. The following operations can be carried out remotely:

- Select Protection, Comfort or Auto Timer mode
- · Adjust setpoint in Comfort mode
- Select fan mode "Automatic" or "Manual"

A buzzer in the thermostat indicates remote control command reception. Infrared remote control can be disabled via parameter P70.

### 4.14 DIP switches



Use the DIP switches at the rear of the thermostat to commission the thermostat's basic application prior to snapping it to the base.

- The application is set via DIP switches 1...3
- The function of the control outputs (2-position or 3-position) is set via DIP switches 4 and 5 for RDG 100 and RDG100T.
- For RDG160T.. (DC 0...10 V), DIP switches 4 select either DC fan (DIP4=OFF) or 3-speed fan (DIP4=ON). DIP5 set to ON disables the time program functions and the time is not visible anymore on the display.

For details concerning connection of peripheral devices and setting of the DIP switches, refer to the Mounting Instructions:

- [4] M3181.1 (RDG100, RDG100T)
- [5] M3181.2 (RDG110)
- [6] M3181.5 (RDG160T)
- [7] M3183.1 (RDG110U)
- [8] M3183.2 (RDG160TU)

Note

During startup, the thermostat reloads the control parameter factory settings after each change of DIP switch setting.

### 4.15 Control parameters

A number of control parameters can be readjusted to optimize control performance. These parameters can also be set during operation without opening the unit. In the event of a power failure, all control parameter settings are retained.

The control parameters are assigned to 2 levels:

- "Service level", and
- "Expert level" with "Diagnostics and test"

The "Service level" contains a small set of parameters to set up the thermostat for the HVAC system and to adjust the user interface. These parameters can usually be adjusted any time.

Change parameters at the "Expert level" carefully, as they impact control performance and functionality of the thermostat.

#### Parameter setting

Change the parameters as follows:

Enter only "Service level"

Press left and right button simultaneously for 4 seconds.
 Release and press the right button again within 2 seconds until the display shows "P01".
 Continue with step 2.

Enter "Expert level" and "Diagnostics and test"

Press left button and right button simultaneously for 4 seconds.
 Release and press the left button again within 2 seconds until the temperature disappears. Turn the rotary knob counterclockwise min. ½ rotation.
 The display shows "Pxx".
 Continue with step 2.

#### Adjusting parameters

- 2. Select the required parameter by turning the rotary knob.
- 3. Press button ✓ (OK); the current value of the selected parameter starts blinking and can be changed by turning the rotary knob.
- 4. Press button ✓ (OK) to confirm the adjusted value or press button (Esc) to cancel the change.
- 5. If you wish to adjust additional parameters, repeat steps 2...4.
- 6. Press button (Esc) to leave the parameter setting mode.

#### Resetting parameters

The factory setting for the control parameters can be reloaded via parameter P71, by changing the value to "ON". Confirm by pressing the right button.

The display shows "8888" during reloading.

### 4.15.1 Parameters of the "Service level" - Degree Celsius

Parameter	Name Service level	Factory setting	Range	RDG100	RDG100T	RDG110 RDG110U	RDG160T RDG160TU	Dependencies
P01	Control sequence	With 2-pipe/ 2-stage: 1 = cooling only With 4-pipe: 4 = H/C	0 = heating only 1 = cooling only 2 = H/C changeover manually 3 = H/C changeover automatically 4 = heating and cooling	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
P02	Operating mode profile (operating mode button)	1	1 = (Auto) - Comfort - Protection 2 = (Auto) - Comfort - Economy - Prot 3 = Comfort - Protection	X	✓ ✓	×	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	P01
P03	Fan mode selection	0	4 = Comfort - Economy - Protection 0 = Auto - Manual 1 = Manual 2 = Auto - Manual - Prot 3 = Auto - Prot	×	×	×	√ 	P52
P04	Selection of °C or °F	0 (°C)	0 = degrees Celsius (°C) 1 = degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	~	× ✓	× ✓	<b>√</b>	
P05	Sensor calibration (internally, externally)	0 K	- 33 K	✓	✓	✓	✓	
P06	Standard temperature display	0	0 = room temperature 1 = setpoint	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	
P07	Display info line (2nd line of LCD)	0	0 = (no display) 1 = °C and °F	01	Х	01	Х	
P08	Comfort setpoint	21 °C	540 °C	✓	✓	✓	✓	
P09	Min. setpoint for Comfort mode	5 °C	540 °C	✓	✓	✓	✓	
P10 P11	Max. setpoint for Comfort mode  Economy heating setpoint	35 °C 15 °C	540 °C  OFF, 5WcoolE-saving; (WcoolE-saving = 40 °C max.)	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	
P12	Economy cooling setpoint	30 °C	OFF, WHeatEco40 °C; (WHeatEco = 5 °C min.)	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
P13	Electric heater in cooling mode	ON	ON: Enabled OFF: Disabled	<b>√</b>	✓	✓		Appl
P14	Button lock function	0	0 = unlocked 1 = auto locked 2 = manual locked	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
P15	Fan stage in dead zone (Comfort)	0	0 = disabled 1 = stage 1 (heating and cooling) 2 = stage 1 (cooling only)	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	

<sup>✓</sup> Parameter available

Note Parameter display depends on selected application and function.

x Parameter not available

# 4.15.2 Parameters of the "Expert level with diagnostics and test" – Degree Celsius

Parameter	Name Expert level	Factory setting	Range	RDG100	RDG100T	RDG110 RDG110U	RDG160T RDG160TU	Dependencies
P30	P-band/switching differential in heating mode	2 K	0.56 K	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
P31	P-band/switching differential in cooling mode	1 K	0.56 K	✓	✓	✓	✓	
P32	P-band/switching differential for radiator	2 K	0.56 K	✓	✓	✓	✓	Appl
P33	Dead zone in Comfort mode	2 K	0.55 K	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	Appl
P34	Setpoint differential (w <sub>D</sub> )	2 K	0.55 K	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	Appl
P35	Integral action time RDG100 RDG160T/160TU	5 min. 45 min.	010 min. 0120 min.	✓ X	×	X X	X ✓	P46, P47
P36	Heating/cooling changeover switching point cooling (X1/X2)	16 °C	1025 °C	✓	✓	✓	✓	P38, P40
P37	Heating/cooling changeover switching point heating (X1/X2)	28 °C	2740 °C	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	P38, P40
P38	Functionality of X1	1 = external sensor	0 = (no function) 1 = room temp ext/ret air temp (AI) 2 = H/C changeover (AI/DI) 3 = operating mode contact [DI) 4 = dewpoint sensor (DI) 5 = enable electric heater (DI) 6 = fault input (DI) 9 = Supply air sensor	06	06	06	09	
P39	Operating action of X1 if digital input	NO	NO = normally open/open NC = normally closed/closed	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	P38
P40	Functionality of X2	2 = H/C changeover	0 = (no function) 1 = room temp ext/ret air temp (AI) 2 = H/C changeover (AI/DI) 3 = operating mode contact [DI) 4 = dewpoint sensor. (DI) 5 = enable electric heater (DI) 6 = fault input (DI) 9 = Supply air sensor	06	06	06	√ 09	
P41	Operating action of X2 if digital input	NO	NO = normally open/open NC = normally closed/closed	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	P40
P42	Functionality of D1	3 = operating mode changeover	0 = (no function) 2 = H/C changeover (DI) 3 = operating mode contact [DI) 4 = dewpoint sensor (DI) 5 = enable electric heater (DI) 6 = fault input (DI)	06	06	06	06	
P43	Operating action of D1 if digital input	NO	NO = normally open/open NC = normally closed/closed	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	P42
P44	Running time of Y1/Y2 output (only with modulating PI control)	150 s	20300 s	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Х	Х	P46
P45	Running time of Y3/Y4 output (only with modulating PI control)	150 s	20300 s	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	х	Х	P47
P45	Power of electric heater on Q2 (for adaptive temperature compensation)	0 kW	0.01.2 kW	Х	Х	Х	✓	
P46	Output Y1/Y2 (if not parameterized as 3-pos.)	On/Off (1)	1 = On/Off 2 = PWM	<b>√</b>	✓	Х	Х	Appl
P46	Outputs Y10 (DC) or Q1 (2-pos)	DC 010 V (2)	1 = On/Off 2 = DC 010V	Х	Х	Х	<b>√</b>	Appl
P46	Load current of electric heater on Y21 (for adaptive temperature compensation, not available for RDG110U)	1 A	15 A	x	Х	✓	Х	Appl
P47	Output Y3/Y4 (if not parameterized as 3-pos.)	On/Off (1)	1 = On/Off 2 = PWM	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	х	Х	Appl
P47	Outputs Y20 (DC) or Q2 (2.pos)	DC 010 V (2)	1 = On/Off 2 = DC 010V	Х	Х	Х	✓	Appl
P48	Min. output on time 2-position control output	1 min.	120 min.	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	P46
P48	Min. output ON time on Q1, Q2 and Q3, Relay function P72, P73, P74 (=2,3,4,5):	1 min.	120 min.	Х	Х	Х	✓	Appl P7x
P49	Min. output off time 2-position control output	1 min.	120 min.	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	P47
P49	Min. output OFF time on Q1, Q2 and Q3 Relay function P72, P73, P74 ( =2,3,4,5):	1 min.	120 min.	х	х	х	✓	Appl P7x
P50	Purging function (only when changeover with local sensor is selected)	OFF	OFF: Not active 15 min: Active with selected duration	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	P38, P40
P51	Floor heating limit temperature	OFF	OFF, 1050 °C	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	P38, P40

#### Notes

- P46, P47: Setting to 2-position or 3-position is made with DIP switches 4 and 5.
- P45 (RDG160T..) and P46 (RDG110) to compensate for heat dissipation of the electric heater relay.
- If no sensors or switches are connected, it is not necessary to disable the inputs (P38, P40 or P42 = no function), the thermostat recognizes if a sensor is connected (but diagnostic shows "Err").

Parameter	Name  Expert level	Factory setting	Range	RDG100	RDG100T	RDG110 RDG110U	RDG160T RDG160TU	Dependencies
P52	Fan operation	1	0 = disabled 1 = enabled 2 = heating only 3 = cooling only	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	
P53	Fan speed	3-speed	1 = 1-speed 2 = 3-speed	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Х	P52
P53	Fan speed	DC 010 V	1 = 1-speed fan 2 = 3-speed fan 3 = DC 010 V (ECM fan)	х	х	х	<b>√</b>	P52 DIP4
P54	Fan overrun time (only when electric heater is used)	60 s	0360 s	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	P52, Appl
P55	Switching point fan speed high	100%	80100%	✓	✓	✓	✓	P52
	ECM fan max. output	ECM: 80%	ECM: fan min100%	Х	Х	Х	✓	P52
P56	Switching point fan speed medium	65%	3075%	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	P52
DCZ	ECM fan min. output	ECM: 30%	ECM: 1%fan max.	X ✓	X ✓	X ✓	<b>√</b>	P52
P57	Switching point fan speed low ECM: Switching point fan	10% ECM:10%	115% ECM: 1100%				<b>√</b>	P52 P52
P58	Fan start booster	ON	ON: Enabled OFF: Disabled	X ✓	X ✓	X ✓	<b>✓</b>	P52
P59	Fan min. on time	2 min.	16 min	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	P52
P60	Fan kick interval in Comfort mode (time until next kick)	OFF	089 min, OFF	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	P52
P61	Fan kick interval in Economy mode (time until next kick)	OFF	0359 min, OFF	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	P52
P62	Clean filter reminder running time	OFF (0)	OFF, 1009900 hours	✓	✓	✓	✓	P52
P63	Minimum supply air temperature	OFF	OFF, 0P64 °C	Х	Х	Х	✓	P38, P40
P64	Maximum supply air temperature	OFF	OFF, 0P64 °C	Х	Х	Х	✓	P38, P40
P65	Protection heating setpoint	8 °C	OFF, 5W Cool Prot; (W Cool Prot = 40 °C max.)	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
P66	Protection cooling setpoint	OFF	OFF, W Heat Prot40; (W Heat Prot = 5 °C min.)	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>\</b>	
P67	Fan start delay RDG100/110/110U RDG160T/160TU	0 s	0180 s 0360 s	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	P52, P46, P47
P68	Extension Comfort period	OFF (0)	OFF(0); 15360 min	✓	✓	✓	✓	P02
P69	Temporary setpoint Comfort mode (see also Comfort setpoint P08)	OFF	OFF = disabled ON = enabled	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	
P70	Infrared receiver	ON	OFF = disabled ON = enabled	Х	<b>√</b>	Х	✓	
P71	Reload factory settings	OFF	OFF = disabled ON = reload start	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
P72	Output Q1 function	0	0 = No function 1= Switch OFF in Protection 2= Switch ON in H/C demand (2-pipe) 3= Switch ON in H demand (4-pipe) 4= Switch ON in C demand (4-pipe) 5= Status active sequence (H or C)	х	х	х	<b>√</b>	Арр
P73	Output Q2 function	0	0 = No function 1 = Switch OFF in Protection 2 = Switch ON in H/C demand (2-pipe) 3 = Switch ON in H demand (4-pipe) 4 = Switch ON in C demand (4-pipe) 5 = Status active sequence (H or C)	х	X	х	<b>√</b>	Арр
P74	Output Q3 function	0	0 = No function 1= Switch OFF in Protection 2= Switch ON in H/C demand (2-pipe) 3= Switch ON in H demand (4-pipe) 4= Switch ON in C demand (4-pipe) 5= Status active sequence (H or C)	х	х	х	<b>√</b>	Арр

### 4.15.3 Parameters of the "Service level" - Degree Fahrenheit

Parameter	Name Service level	Factory setting	Range	RDG110U	RDG160TU	Dependencies
P01	Control sequence	With 2-pipe/ 2-stage: 1 = cooling only With 4-pipe: 4 = H/C	0 = heating only 1 = cooling only 2 = H/C changeover manually 3 = H/C changeover automatically 4 = heating and cooling	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	
P02	Operating mode profile (operating mode button)	1	1 = (Auto) - Comfort - Protection 2 = (Auto) - Comfort - Economy - Prot 3 = Comfort - Protection 4 = Comfort - Economy - Protection	X	√ √	P01
P03	Fan mode selection	0	0 = Auto – Manual 1 = Manual 2 = Auto – Manual – Prot	<b>~</b>	√ 	P52
P04	Selection of °C or °F	Depends on Wizard setting	3 = Auto – Prot 0 = degrees Celsius (°C) 1 = degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	X ✓	<b>✓</b>	
P05	Sensor calibration (internally, externally)	0 °F	-66 °F	✓	✓	
P06	Standard temperature display	0	0 = room temperature 1 = setpoint	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	
P07	Display info line (2nd line of LCD)	0	0 = (no display) 1 = °C and °F	01	х	
P08	Comfort setpoint	70 °F	41104 °F	✓	✓	
P09	Min. setpoint for Comfort mode	41 °F	41104 °F	✓	✓	
P10	Max. setpoint for Comfort mode	95 °F	41104 °F	✓	✓	
P11	Economy heating setpoint	59 °F	OFF, 41WcoolE-saving; (WcoolE-saving = 104 °F max.)	<b>√</b>	✓	
P12	Economy cooling setpoint	86 °F	OFF, WHeatEco104 °F; (WHeatEco = 41 °F min.)	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	
P13	Electric heater in cooling mode	ON	ON: Enabled OFF: Disabled	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Appl
P14	Button lock function	0	0 = unlocked 1 = auto locked 2 = manual locked	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
P15	Fan stage in dead zone (Comfort)	0	0 = disabled 1 = stage 1 (heating and cooling) 2 = stage 1 (cooling only)	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	

Parameter available

Note Parameter display depends on selected application and function.

x Parameter not available

# 4.15.4 Parameters of the "Expert level with diagnostics and test" – Degree Fahrenheit

Parameter	Name  Expert level	Factory setting	Range	RDG110U	RDG160TU	Dependencies
P30	P-band/switching differential in heating mode	4 °F	112 °F	✓ ✓	<u> </u>	
P31 P32	P-band/switching differential in cooling mode P-band/switching differential for radiator	2 °F 4 °F	112 °F 112 °F	<b>✓</b>	<u> </u>	Annl
P33	Dead zone in Comfort mode	4 °F	110 °F	· ✓	· ·	Appl
P34	Setpoint differential (w <sub>D</sub> )	4 °F	110 °F	· ·	· ·	Appl
P35	` '	45 min.	0120 min.		<u> </u>	Appl
	5			X	<b>√</b>	P46, P47
P36	Heating/cooling changeover switching point cooling (X1/X2)	61 °F	5077 °F	<b>✓</b>		P38, P40
P37	Heating/cooling changeover switching point heating (X1/X2)	82 °F	81104 °F		<b>√</b>	P38, P40
P38	Functionality of X1	1 = external sensor	0 = (no function) 1 = room temp ext/ret air temp (AI) 2 = H/C changeover (AI/DI) 3 = operating mode contact [DI) 4 = dewpoint sensor (DI) 5 = enable electric heater (DI) 6 = fault input (DI) 9 = Supply air sensor	06	09	
P39	Operating action of X1 if digital input	NO	NO = normally open/open NC = normally closed/closed	<b>√</b>	✓	P38
P40	Functionality of X2	2 = H/C changeover	0 = (no function) 1 = room temp ext/ret air temp (AI) 2 = H/C changeover (AI/DI) 3 = operating mode contact [DI) 4 = dewpoint sensor. (DI) 5 = enable electric heater (DI) 6 = fault input (DI) 9 = Supply air sensor	06	09	
P41	Operating action of X2 if digital input	NO	NO = normally open/open NC = normally closed/closed	✓	✓	P40
P42	Functionality of D1	3 = operating mode changeover	0 = (no function) 2 = H/C changeover (DI) 3 = operating mode contact [DI) 4 = dewpoint sensor (DI) 5 = enable electric heater (DI) 6 = fault input (DI)	06	06	
P43	Operating action of D1 if digital input	NO	NO = normally open/open NC = normally closed/closed	<b>√</b>	✓	P42
P45	Power of electric heater on Q2 (for adaptive temperature compensation)	0 kW	0.01.2 kW	Х	✓	
P46	Outputs Y10 (DC) or Q1 (2-pos)	DC 010 V (2)	1 = On/Off 2 = DC 010V	х	✓	Appl
P47	Outputs Y20 (DC) or Q2 (2.pos)	DC 010 V (2)	1 = On/Off 2 = DC 010V	Х	✓	Appl
P48	Min. output on time 2-position control output	1 min.	120 min.	<b>√</b>	✓	P46
P48	Min. output ON time on Q1, Q2 and Q3, Relay function P72, P73, P74 (=2,3,4,5):	1 min.	120 min.	х	<b>√</b>	Appl P7x
P49	Min. output off time 2-position control output	1 min.	120 min.	✓	✓	P47
P49	Min. output OFF time on Q1, Q2 and Q3 Relay function P72, P73, P74 (=2,3,4,5):	1 min.	120 min.	х	✓	Appl P7x
P50	Purging function (only when changeover with local sensor is selected)	OFF	OFF: Not active 15 min: Active with selected duration	<b>√</b>	✓	P38, P40
P51	Floor heating limit temperature	OFF	OFF, 50122 °F	✓	✓	P38, P40

- ✓ Parameter available
- x Parameter not available
- P46, P47: Setting to 2-position or 3-position is made with DIP switches 4 and 5.
- P45 (RDG160TU) to compensate for heat dissipation of the electric heater relay.
- If no sensors or switches are connected, it is not necessary to disable the inputs (P38, P40 or P42 = no function), the thermostat recognizes if a sensor is connected (but diagnostic shows "Err").

Parameter	Name Expert level	Factory setting	Range	RDG110U	RDG160TU	Dependencies
P52	Fan operation	1	0 = disabled 1 = enabled 2 = heating only 3 = cooling only	<b>*</b>	<b>√</b>	
P53	Fan speed	3-speed	1 = 1-speed 2 = 3-speed	<b>√</b>	х	P52
P53	Fan speed	DC 010 V	1 = 1-speed fan 2 = 3-speed fan 3 = DC 010 V (ECM fan)	х	<b>√</b>	P52 DIP4
P54	Fan overrun time (only when electric heater is used)	60 s	0360 s	<b>√</b>	✓	P52, Appl
P55	Switching point fan speed high	100%	80100%	✓	✓	P52
DEC	ECM fan max. output	ECM: 80%	ECM: fan min100%	X ✓	<u>✓</u>	P52
P56	Switching point fan speed medium  ECM fan min. output	65% ECM: 30%	3075%		<b>✓</b>	P52 P52
P57	Switching point fan speed low	10%	ECM: 1%fan max.	X ✓	<b>✓</b>	P52
F37	ECM: Switching point fan	ECM:10%	ECM: 1100%	x	<u> </u>	P52
P58	Fan start booster	ON ON	ON: Enabled OFF: Disabled	Ý	√ ·	P52
P59	Fan min. on time	2 min.	16 min	✓	✓	P52
P60	Fan kick interval in Comfort mode (time until next kick)	OFF	089 min, OFF	<b>√</b>	✓	P52
P61	Fan kick interval in Economy mode (time until next kick)	OFF	0359 min, OFF	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	P52
P62	Clean filter reminder running time	OFF (0)	OFF, 1009900 hours	✓	✓	P52
P63	Minimum supply air temperature	OFF	OFF, 32P64 °F	Х	✓	P38, P40
P64	Maximum supply air temperature	OFF	OFF, P63122 °F	X	✓	P38, P40
P65	Protection heating setpoint	8 °C	OFF, 41W Cool Prot; (W Cool Prot = 104 °F max.)	<b>√</b>	✓	
P66	Protection cooling setpoint	OFF	OFF, W Heat Prot104 °F; (W Heat Prot = 41 °F min.)	<b>*</b>	✓	
P67	Fan start delay RDG110U RDG160TU	0 s	0180 s 0360 s	<b>√</b>	✓	P52, P46, P47
P68	Extension Comfort period	OFF (0)	OFF(0); 15360 min	✓	✓	P02
P69	Temporary setpoint Comfort mode (see also Comfort setpoint P08)	OFF	OFF = disabled ON = enabled	<b>√</b>	✓	
P70	Infrared receiver	ON	OFF = disabled ON = enabled	х	<b>√</b>	
P71	Reload factory settings	OFF	OFF = disabled ON = reload start	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	
P72	Output Q1 function	0	0 = No function 1 = Switch OFF in Protection 2 = Switch ON in H/C demand (2-pipe) 3 = Switch ON in H demand (4-pipe) 4 = Switch ON in C demand (4-pipe) 5 = Status active sequence (H or C)	х	<b>√</b>	Арр
P73	Output Q2 function	0	0 = No function 1= Switch OFF in Protection 2= Switch ON in H/C demand (2-pipe) 3= Switch ON in H demand (4-pipe) 4= Switch ON in C demand (4-pipe) 5= Status active sequence (H or C)	х	✓	Арр
P74	Output Q3 function	0	0 = No function 1= Switch OFF in Protection 2= Switch ON in H/C demand (2-pipe) 3= Switch ON in H demand (4-pipe) 4= Switch ON in C demand (4-pipe) 5= Status active sequence (H or C)	х	✓	Арр

Parameter available

<sup>×</sup> Parameter not available

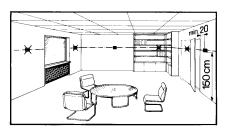
### 4.15.5 Diagnostics and tests

	Name	Factory setting	Range					
Parameter	Diagnostics and test			RDG100	RDG100T	RDG110 RDG110U	RDG160T RDG160TU	Dependencies
d01	Application type	Diagnostics	0 = (no application) 1 = 2-pipe 2 = 2-pipe with electric heater 3 = 2-pipe with radiator 4 = 4-pipe 5 = 2 stage heating or cooling 6 = 4-pipe with electric heater	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
d02	X1 status	Diagnostics	"" = function not selected 0 = not activated (for DI) 1 = Activated (DI) 049 °C = Curr. temp. value (for AI) Err ") 00 🔆 = H/C input closed 100 💯 = H/C input open	>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
d03	X2 status	Diagnostics	"" = function not selected 0 = not activated (for DI) 1 = Activated (DI) 049 °C = Curr. temp. value (for AI) Err ") 00 🔆 = H/C input closed 100 555 = H/C input open	>	<b>✓</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<	
d04	D1 status	Diagnostics	"" = function not selected 0 = not activated (for DI) 1 = Activated (DI) 00	<b>\</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	
d05	Test mode for checking actuator direction Y1/Y2 (press left button to escape)		"" = no signal at outputs Y1 and Y2 OPE = output Y1 forced opening CLO = output Y2 forced closing	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	х	х	P46
d06	Test mode for checking actuator direction Y3/Y4 (press left button to escape)		"" = no signal at outputs Y3 and Y4 OPE = output Y3 forced opening CLO = output Y4 forced closing	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	х	Х	P47
d07	Software version		Ux.xx is displayed	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	
d08	Test mode for checking Q1 output		"" = no signal at output Q1 OPE = output Q1 forced opening CLO = output Q1 forced closing	Х	Х	х	✓	P72, App
d09	Test mode for checking Q2 output		"" = no signal at output Q2 OPE = output Q2 forced opening CLO = output Q2 forced closing	Х	Х	х	<b>√</b>	P73, App
d10	Test mode for checking Q3 output		"" = no signal at output Q3 OPE = output Q3 forced opening CLO = output Q3 forced closing	х	х	х	<b>✓</b>	P74, App

<sup>&</sup>quot;If input is parameterized as analog (P38 or P40 = 1) or set to "0": "Err" on the diagnostic parameter is displayed when input is out of range (0...49  $^{\circ}$ C), open or shorted (on RDG100.. and RDG110..).

### 5 Handling

### 5.1 Mounting and installation



exposed to drip or splash water.

Do not mount on a wall in niches or bookshelves, behind curtains, above or near heat sources, or exposed to direct solar radiation. Mount about 1.5 m (5 feet) above the floor.

#### Mounting



#### Wiring





•

### Warning! No internal line protection for supply lines to external consumers (Q1, Q2, Q3, Yx or Yxx)

The room thermostat must be mounted in a clean, dry indoor place and must not be

See Mounting Instructions (M3181.. or M3183..) enclosed with the thermostat.

• Comply with local regulations to wire, protection and earth the thermostat.

Risk of fire and injury due to short-circuits!

- Adapt the line diameters as per local regulations to the rated value of the installed overcurrent protection device.
- The AC 230 V mains or AC 24 V supply line must have a circuit breaker with a rated current of no more than 10 A. For AC 24 V US installations, use Class 2 rated power supplies.
- Properly size the cables to the thermostat, fan and valve actuators for AC 230 V mains voltage.
- Use only valve actuators rated for AC 230 V on RDG100.., RDG110 and on RDG160T if AC 230 V is connected to the "L" terminal.
- Use only 3-speed fan rated with AC 24 V on RDG160TU.

Warning! Do not mount the device on a metallic surface.

- Isolate the cables of inputs X1-M/X2-M and D1-GND if the conduit box carries AC 230 V mains voltage.
- On the RDG100.. and RDG110, inputs X1-M and X2-M carry mains potential. If the sensor's cables are extended, they must be suited for mains voltage.
- Inputs X1-M, X2-M or D1-GND of different units (e.g. summer/winter switch) may be connected in parallel with an external switch. Consider overall maximum contact sensing current for switch rating.
- Selectable relay function (RDG160T..). Consider overall maximum current though the relays.
- Disconnect power supply before removing the thermostat from the mounting plate!











#### Commissioning

- 1. Select the application via the DIP switches at the rear of thermostat before fitting the front panel to the mounting plate.
- Power up the thermostat after successfully connecting the line power. The thermostat starts to reset and all LCD segments flash, indicating that the reset is correct.

After the reset, which takes about 3 seconds, the thermostat is ready for commissioning by qualified HVAC staff. The control parameters of the thermostat can be set to ensure optimum performance of the entire system (see section 4.15).

Temperature unit selection wizard (Only for RDG110U/RDG160TU)

The temperature unit selection wizard enables to select the preferable temperature unit display on thermostats between °C and °F.

- 1. Rotate rotary knob to select the preferable temperature unit to be displayed and operated.
- 2. Confirm the selection by pressing button ✓ (OK), which leads the thermostat advance to normal operating page.

Notes

- Pressing button (Esc) does not confirm the temperature selection.
- If the temperature unit is not selected, °C is used by default.

Control sequence

• The control sequence may need to be set via parameter P01 depending on the application. The factory setting for the 2-pipe application is "Cooling only"; and "Heating and cooling" for the 4-pipe application.

Compressor-based application  $\triangle$ 

 When the thermostat is used in connection with a compressor, the minimum output on-time (parameter P48) and off-time (parameter P49) for Y11/Y21 must be adjusted to avoid damage to the compressor and shortening its life.

Calibrate sensor

 Recalibrate the temperature sensor if the room temperature displayed on the thermostat does not match the room temperature measured. To do this, change parameter P05.

Adaptive temperature compensation for electric heater

When an electric heater is connected directly to output Y21, the rated current of the electric heating should be entered in parameter 46 (RDG110 only, device index D and higher), see section 4.8.
 Default setting: 1 A for loads ≤ 1 A.

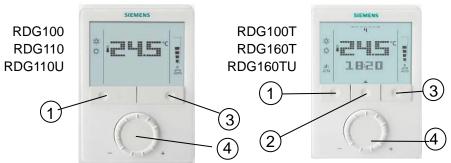
Setpoint and setpoint setting range limitation

 We recommend to review the setpoints and setpoint setting ranges (parameters P08...P12) and change them as needed to achieve maximum comfort and save energy.

### 5.2 Operation

See also Operating Instructions (B3181.1) enclosed with the thermostat.  $\label{eq:B3181.1}$ 

#### Layout



- 1 Operating mode button/Esc
- 2 Button to enter the time and to set the timers
- 3 Fan mode button/OK
- 4 Rotary knob for setpoint and parameter adjustment

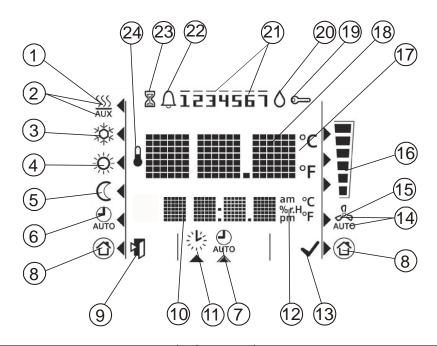
#### **Button operation**

- When the thermostat is in normal operation, the actual operating mode and status are indicated by symbols.
- When a button is pressed, the thermostat goes into mode selection.
   The backlit LCD will turn on, all possible mode selection options (symbols) will turn on, indicator element (arrow) will appear on the current mode/status.
- When the button is pressed again, the indicator element will change to the next mode symbol and so on.
- After the last press and a timeout of 3 seconds, the newly selected mode is confirmed, the other elements disappear.
- After a timeout of 20 seconds, the LCD backlight will turn off.

User action	Effect, description
Press left button	Go into Operating mode selection
Press left button >3 seconds	Set thermostat to Protection mode
Keep left button depressed and	Activate temporary timer "Extend presence" and
turn rotary knob clockwise	set the time (for details, see page 22)
Keep left button depressed and	Activate temporary timer "Extend absence" and
turn rotary knob counterclockwise	set the time (for details, see page 22)
Press left button while "Operating mode	Activate "Extend Comfort mode"
switchover" is activated	(for details, see page 22)
Press right button >3 seconds	Activate/deactivate button lock
Press right button for fan coil unit	Change fan mode
Press right button for chilled ceiling (P52=0)	Set thermostat to Protection mode
Turn rotary knob	Adjust the room temperature setpoint
Press left and right button >3 seconds,	Go to parameter setting mode Service level
release, then press right button >3 seconds	
Press left and right button for 3 seconds,	Go to parameter setting mode Expert level,
release, press left button for 3 seconds,	diagnostics and test
then turn rotary knob counterclockwise min. ½	
rotation	

#### Only on RDG100T and RDG160T..:

Press center button	Go to timer settings
Press center button	Switch ON backlight if timer settings is disable (RDG160T)
L	(**= - ****)



#	Symbol	Description	#	Symbol	Description				
1	<u>sss</u>	Heating mode	14	OTUA OTUA	Automatic fan				
2	SSS AUX	Electric heater active	15	0°5	Manual fan				
3	***	Cooling mode					Fan speed <del>1-</del> II		
4	X	Comfort mode	16		6	Fan speed		Fan speed 2-II	
5	$\mathbb{C}$	Economy mode					Fan speed 3-III		
6	•	Auto Timer mode	17	ĵ	Degrees Celsius				
7	AUTO	View and set auto timer program		°F	Degrees Fah	irenneit			
8	<b>(1)</b>	Protection	18	\$	Digits for room temperature and setpoint display				
9		Escape	19	$\sim$	Button lock				
10	am am pm	Digits for time of day, room temperature, setpoint, etc.	20	٥	Condensation	n in room	(dewpoint sensor active)		
11	类	Setting the time of day and the weekday	21	 1234567	Weekday 17: 1 = Monday/7 = Sunday				
			22	Û	Fault				
12	am pm	Morning: 12-hour format Afternoon: 12-hour format	23	N	Temporary timer function mode is temporarily exten presence or absence)				
13	<b>~</b>	Confirmation of parameters	24	<b>B</b>	Indicates that room temperature is displayed				

### 5.3 Disposal



This symbol or any other national label indicate that the product, its packaging, and, where applicable, any batteries may not be disposed of as domestic waste. Delete all personal data and dispose of the item(s) at separate collection and recycling facilities in accordance with local and national legislation. For additional details, refer to Siemens information on disposal.

### 6 Engineering

### 6.1 Connection terminals

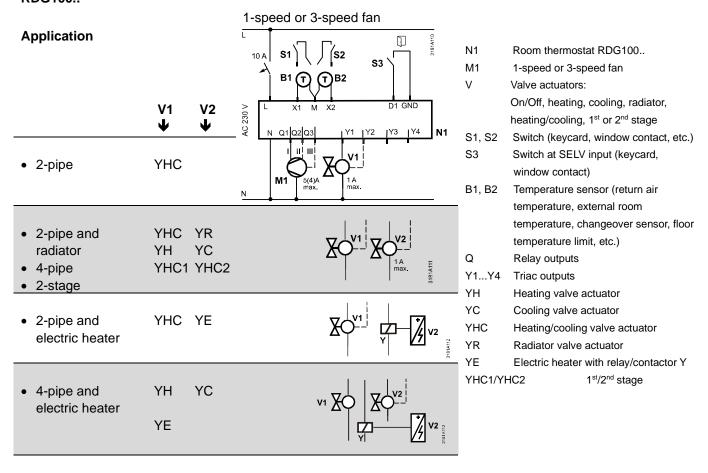
Operating voltage AC 230 V RDG100, G, G0 Operating voltage AC/DC 24 V RDG100T D1 GND Note: For DC 24 V: G0 = -; G = +SELV X1, X2 Multifunctional input for temperature sensor (e.g. QAH11.1) or potential-free switch Factory setting: - X1 = external room temperature sensor - X2 = sensor or switch for heating/cooling changeover **RDG110** Change of setting: Parameters P38, P40 Measuring neutral for sensor and switch D1 **GND** М D1, GND Multifunctional input for potential-free switch. Factory setting: Operating mode switchover contact Y21 Y22 Q2 Q3 Change of setting: Parameter P42 Q1 Control output fan speed "low" Q2 Control output fan speed "medium" Q3 Control output fan speed "high" RDG110U Control output "Valve" AC 230 V Y1...Y4 SELV (N/O triac, for normally closed valves), output for electric heater via external relay Q2 Q3 Y11 Y12 Q1 Y21 Y22 Y11, Y21 Control output "Valve" AC 230 V for RDG110 Control output "Valve" AC 24 V for RDG110U (N/O relay, for normally closed valves), output for compressor or electric heater Control output "Valve" AC 230 V for RDG110 Control output "Valve" AC 24 V for RDG110U (N/O relay, for normally closed valves) RDG160T G, G0 Operating voltage AC/DC 24 V Note: For DC 24 V: G0 = -; G = +GND L (-N) Power supply relay output Q1...3 AC 24...230 V for RDG160T Y10, Y20 Control output for DC 0...10 V actuator Control output "Fan" DC 0...10 V Y50 3181A12 RDG160TU Q1...3 Control output fan, valve, electric heater or ex. equipment SELV C (-G0) Power supply relay output Q1...3 AC 24 V for RDG160TU Y50 Y10 Y20

### 6.2 Connection diagrams

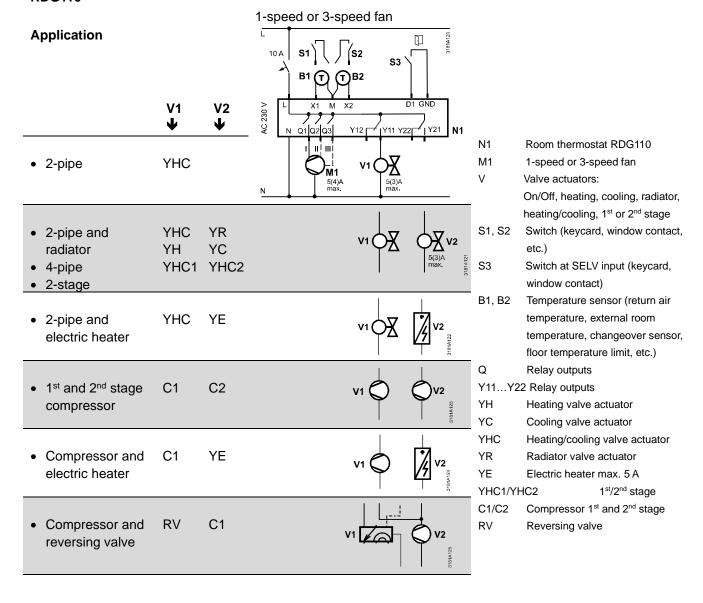
Note For details concerning connection of peripheral devices and setting of the DIP switches, please refer to Mounting Instructions:

- [4] M3181.1 (RDG100, RDG100T)
- [5] M3181.2 (RDG110)
- [6] M3181.5 (RDG160T)
- [7] M3183.1 (RDG110U)
- [8] M3183.2 (RDG160TU)

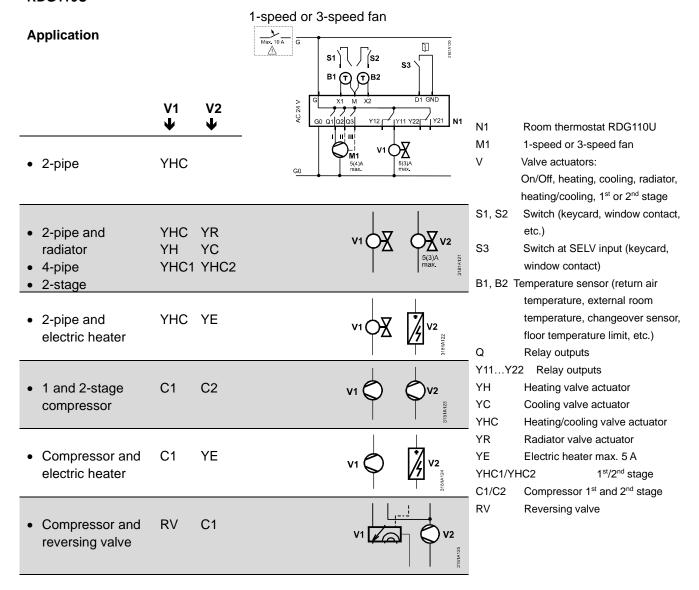
#### RDG100...



#### **RDG110**

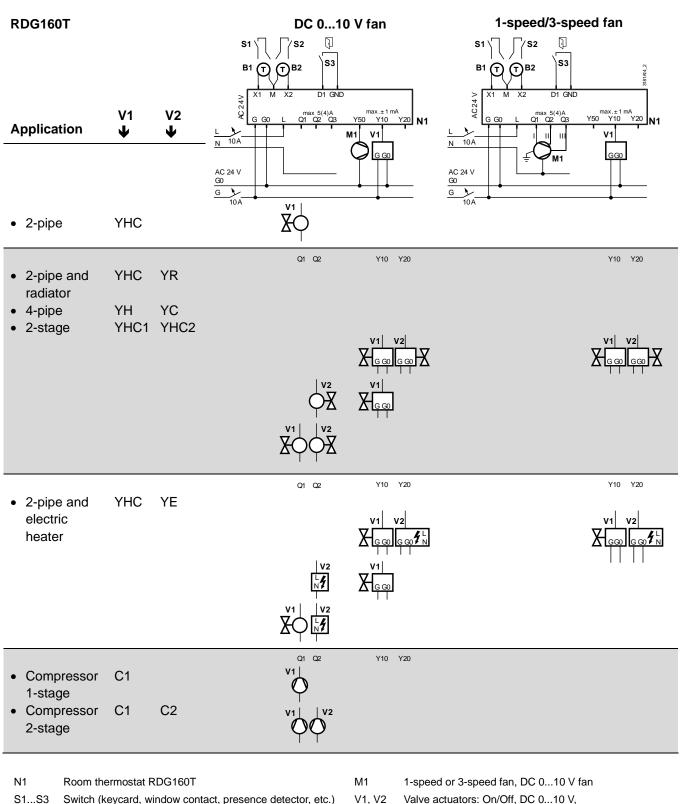


#### RDG110U

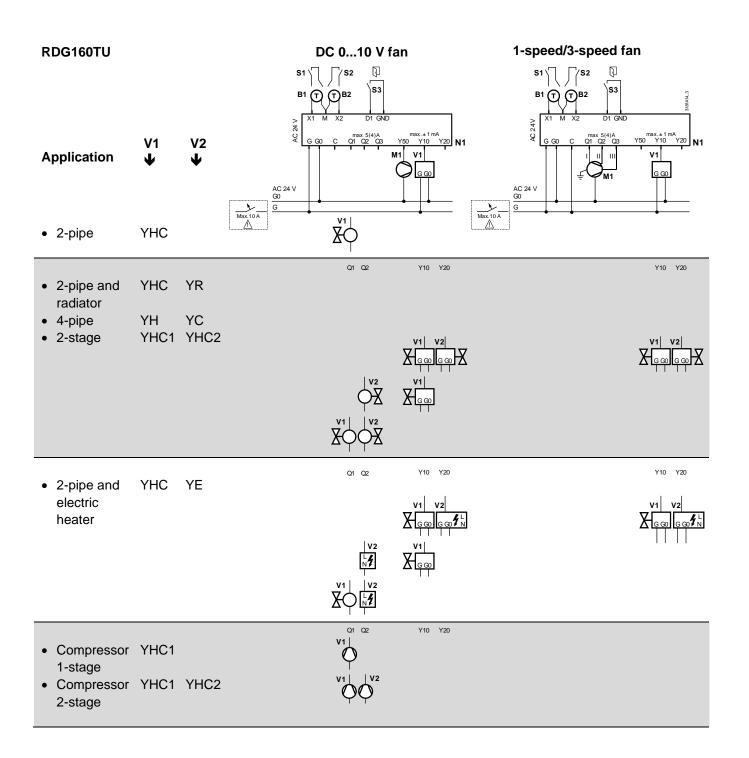


For US installations, use Class 2 rated power supplies.

For other installations, use circuit breakers with rated current of no more than 10 A.



Switch (keycard, window contact, presence detector, etc.) heating, cooling, radiator, 1st or 2nd stage B1, B2 Temperature sensor (return air temperature, external room temperature, changeover sensor, etc.) YΗ Heating valve actuator YΕ Electric heater max. 5 A YC Cooling valve actuator C1, C2 Compressor 1st/2nd stage YHC Heating/cooling valve actuator ΥR Radiator valve actuator YHC1/YHC2 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup> stage



N1	Room thermostat RDG160TU	M1	1-speed or 3-speed fan, DC 010 V fan	
S1S3	S3 Switch (keycard, window contact, presence detector, etc.)		Valve actuators: On/Off, DC 010 V,	
B1, B2	1, B2 Temperature sensor (return air temperature, external room		heating, cooling, radiator, 1st or 2nd stage	
	temperature, changeover sensor, etc.)	YH	Heating valve actuator	
YR	Radiator valve actuator	YC	Cooling valve actuator	
YE	Electric heater max. 5 A	YHC	Heating/cooling valve actuator	
		YHC1/YH	HC2 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> stage	

⚠ For US installations, use Class 2 rated power supplies.

For other installations, use circuit breakers with rated current of no more than 10 A.

## 7 Mechanical design

### 7.1 General

The room thermostat consists of 2 parts:

- Plastic housing which accommodates the electronics, the operating elements and the temperature sensor
- Mounting plate with the screw terminals

The housing engages in the mounting plate and is secured with 2 screws on the left side.



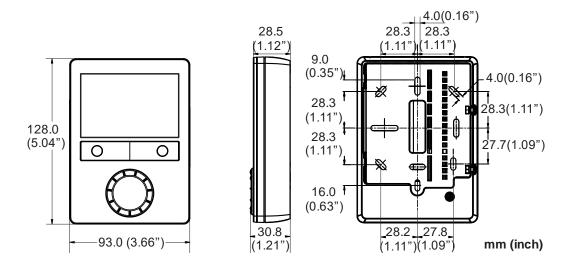


RDG100 RDG100T RDG110 RDG160T RDG110U RDG160TU

For operation, refer to section 5.2.

### 7.2 Dimensions

#### RDG1..



#### **Technical data** 8

#### RDG100../RDG110

Power supply

Outputs

Note!

AC 230 V Rated voltage 50/60 Hz Frequency

Power consumption RDG100.. Max. 8 VA /1 W RDG110 Max. 12 VA /2 W

Power reserve clock during power failure: Minimum 48 h

RDG100T ≥ index K

No internal fuse.

External preliminary protection with max. C 10 A circuit breaker

required in all cases.

Fan control Q1, Q2, Q3-N AC 230 V

> Rating min, max resistive (inductive) AC 5 mA...5(4) A

Fans must NOT be connected in parallel!

Connect one fan directly, for additional fans, one relay for each speed.

Control outputs

Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4-N RDG100.. AC 230 V, AC 8 mA...1 A

Power limitation 3A fast microfuse, cannot be

exchanged

Y11-N//Y21-N (NO) RDG110 AC 230 V, AC 5 mA...5(3) A

No internal fuse

External preliminary protection with max. C 10 A circuit breaker in the supply line

required under all circumstances

Multifunctional inputs Inputs

X1-M/X2-M

Temperature sensor input

NTC (3 k $\Omega$  at 25 °C) Type

0...49 °C Temperature range

Max. 80 m Cable length

Digital input

Selectable (NO/NC) Operating action

Contact sensing DC 0...5 V, max. 5 mA

Parallel connection of several Max. 20 thermostats per switch.

thermostats for one switch Do not mix with D1!

Insulation against mains N/A, mains potential /!\

D1-GND Operating action Selectable (NO/NC)

> SELV DC 6...15 V, 3...6 mA Contact sensing

Parallel connection of several Max. 20 thermostats per switch.

Do not mix with X1/X2! thermostats for one switch

Insulation against mains 3.75 kV, reinforced insulation

Selectable

Function input

External temperature sensor, changeover sensor,

operating mode switchover contact, dewpoint

monitor contact, enable electric heater contact,

fault contact

#### RDG110U

Power supply

Rated voltage SELV AC/DC 24 V

or

DC 24 V: connect G to + and G0 to - AC/DC 24 V class 2 (US)

Frequency 50/60 Hz
Power consumption Max. 2 VA/1 W

External supply line protection (EU)

Circuit breaker max. 10 A

Characteristic B, C, D according to EN 60898

or

Power source with current limitation of max. 10 A



No internal fuse.

External preliminary protection with max. C 10 A circuit breaker required in all cases.

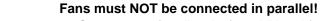
Outputs

Note!

Fan control Q1, Q2, Q3-G0 AC 24 V

Rating min, max resistive (inductive)

AC 5 mA...5(4) A



Connect one fan directly, for additional fans, one relay for each speed.

Control outputs

Y11-G0 /Y21-G0 (NO) RDG110U AC 24 V, AC 5 mA...5(3) A

No internal fuse.

External preliminary protection with max. C 10 A circuit breaker in the supply line required under all circumstances.

Inputs

Multifunctional inputs

X1-M/X2-M

Temperature sensor input

Type NTC (3 k $\Omega$  at 25 °C (77 °F)) Temperature range 0...49 °C (32...120°F) Cable length Max. 80 m (262 feet)

Digital input

Operating action

Contact sensing

Parallel connection of several thermostats for one switch

Insulation against mains

Selectable (NO/NC)

DC 0...5 V, max. 5 mA

Max. 20 thermostats per switch. **Do not mix with D1!**N/A, mains potential !

D1-GND

Operating action Selectable (NO/NC)

Contact sensing SELV DC 6...15 V, 3...6 mA Parallel connection of several Max. 20 thermostats per

thermostats for one switch switch.

Do not mix with X1/X2!

Selectable

Function input

External temperature sensor, changeover sensor, operating mode switchover contact,

dewpoint monitor contact, enable electric heater

contact, fault contact

#### RDG160T...

٨		
<u> </u>	Power	supply

Rated voltage SELV AC/DC 24 V

or

DC 24 V: connect G to + and G0 to - AC/DC 24 V class 2 (US)

Frequency 50/60 Hz
Power consumption Max. 2 VA/1 W

External supply line protection (EU)

Circuit breaker max. 10 A

Characteristic B, C, D according to EN 60898

or

Power source with current limitation of max. 10 A

Power reserve clock during power failure:

RDG160T ≥ index D RDG160TU ≥ index B Minimum 48 h



No internal fuse.

External preliminary protection in G-G0 lines with max C 10 A circuit breaker

Required in all cases.

Outputs Q1/Q2/Q3/L - N (relay) RDG160T AC 24...230 V

Q1/Q2/Q3/C – G0 (relay) RDG160TU AC 24 V class 2 (U.S.)

Use for 3-speed fan control

Rating min, max resistive (inductive) 5 mA...5(4) A



Note!

#### Fans must NOT be connected in parallel!

Connect one fan directly, for additional fans, one relay for each speed.

Use for actuator control (Q1, Q2)

Q1 - rating min, max resistive/inductive 5 mA...1 A
Q2 - rating min, max resistive (inductive) 5 mA...5(4) A

Max total load current Q1+Q2(+Q3) 5 A

Use for external equipment (Q1, Q2, Q3)

Rating min, max resistive/inductive Qx 5 mA...1 A

Max total load current Q1+Q2+Q3

2 A

No internal fuse

External preliminary protection in L line with max C 10 A circuit breakers required in all cases.

ECM fan control	Y50 - G0	SELV DC 010 V, Max. ±5 mA
Actuator control	Y10 - G0/Y20 - G0 (G)	SELV DC 010 V, Max. ±1 mA

Inputs

Multifunctional inputs

X1-M/X2-M

Temperature sensor input

Type NTC (3 k $\Omega$  at 25 °C (77 °F)) Temperature range 0...49 °C (32...120 °F) Cable length Max. 80 m (262 feet)

Digital input

Operating action Selectable (NO/NC)
Contact sensing DC 0...5 V, max. 5 mA

Parallel connection of several Max. 20 thermostats per switch

thermostats for one switch

D1-GND

Operating action Selectable (NO/NC)
Contact sensing DC 6...15 V, 3...6 mA

Parallel connection of several

thermostats for one switch

Max. 20 thermostats per switch

75/80

	Function of inputs External room temperature sensor, he changeover sensor, operating mode s contact, dewpoint monitor contact, enheater contact, fault contact, monitoring supply air temperature	witchover able electric	Selectable X1: P38 X2: P40 D1: P42
Operational data, all types	Switching differential, adjustable Heating mode	(P30)	2 K (0.56 K)
	Cooling mode	(P31)	4 °F (112 °F) 1 K (0.56 K) 2 °F (112 °F)
	Setpoint setting and setpoint range		_ : (::= : /
	Comfort mode      Comfort mode	(P08)	21 °C (540 °C) 70 °F (41104 °F)
	© Economy mode	(P11-P12)	15 °C (59 °F)/30 °C (86 °F) OFF, 540 °C (41104 °F)
	① Protection mode	(P65-P66)	8 °C (46 °F)/OFF OFF, 540 °C (41104 °F)
	Multifunctional inputs X1/X2/D1		Selectable
	Input X1		Ext. temperature sensor (P38=1)
	Input X2		Changeover sensor (P40=2)
	Input D1		Operating mode switchover (P42=3)
	Built-in room temperature sensor		
	Measuring range		049 °C (32120 °F)
	Accuracy at 25 °C (77 °F)		< ± 0.5 K (± 1 °F)
	Temperature calibration range		± 3.0 K (± 6 °F)
	Settings and display resolution		
	Setpoints		0.5 °C (1 °F)
	Current temperature value displayed		0.5 °C (1 °F)
Environmental conditions	Operation		As per IEC 60721-3-3
	Climatic conditions		Class 3K5
	Temperature		050 °C (32122 °F)
	Humidity		<95% r.h.
	Transport		As per IEC 60721-3-2
	Climatic conditions		Class 2K3
	Temperature		−2565 °C (−13149 °F)
	Humidity		<95% r.h.
	Mechanical conditions		Class 2M2
	Storage		As per IEC 60721-3-1
	Climatic conditions		Class 1K3
	Temperature		-2565 °C (-13149 °F)
	Humidity		<95% r.h.
Standards	EU Conformity (CE)		CE1T3181xx *)
	Electronic control type		2.B (micro-disconnection on
	^		operation)
	RCM conformity		CE1T3181xx_C1 *)
	(VL)		UL 916 PAZX
	CERTIFIED		CSA-C22.2 No. 205 PAZX7
	UL (RDG110U/RDG160TU)		http://ul.com/database
	Protection class RDG100, RDG11		II as per EN60730
	RDG110U,	RDG160TU	III as per EN60730
	Pollution class		Normal
	Degree of protection of housing		IP30 to EN60529

#### Environmental Compatibility

General

The product environmental declaration CE1E3181 and CE1E3181\_1\*) contains data on environmentally compatible product design and assessments (RoHS compliance, materials composition, packaging, environmental benefit, disposal).

Connection terminals

Solid wires or prepared stranded

wires

1 x 0.4...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (14 gauge) or 2 x 0.4...1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (16 gauge)

Note: For sensors on inputs X1, X2, or D1, the cable length is max. 80 m (262 feet).

Wiring cross section on

Min, 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (16 gauge)

L, N, Q1, Q2, Q3, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y11, Y21

<u></u>	,, . 0,,,		
Housing front color		RAL 9003 white	
Weight	RDG100/RDG110	0.30 kg	
	RDG160T	0.32 kg	

<sup>\*)</sup> The documents can be downloaded from <a href="http://siemens.com/bt/download">http://siemens.com/bt/download</a>.

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